

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 26.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, DEC. 31, 1896.

NUMBER 19.



1-4 OFF

on

Clothing!

Reduced prices on all Winter Goods During

January.

All odds and ends especially we will close out very cheap.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.



We have many things in our stock that will make useful as well as ornamental

Holiday Presents.

Special Low Prices from now until the Holidays on all fancy Chairs, Rockers, Bedroom Suits, Sideboards and Parlor Furniture

W. J. KNAPP.

Good Meat

At Reasonable Prices Is What People Want.

We have purchased the meat market of Chis, Bagge and will always have on hand a first-class stock of

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats.

We ask for a continuance of the trade that was given the former proprietor.

Respectfully,

DRUNSER & EISELE.

McKune Block.

Not a Woman in Town

That does not admire our Bread and Cakes. Quality and prices right.

Try our 10 and 15-cent Lunches.

NECKEL BROS.

Come to Bethlehem.

Come, ye lofty! Come, ye lowly!
Let your songs of gladness ring!
In a stable lies the Holy King.
In a manger rests the King.
See, in Mary's arms reposing,
Christ by highest Heaven adored,
Come, your circle round Him closing,
Pious hearts that love the Lord.

Come, ye poor! No pomp of station
Robes the Child your hearts adore;
He, the Lord of all salvation,
Shares your want, is weak and poor;
Oxen round about behold them,
Rastars naked, cold and bare.
See the shepherds! God has told them
That the "Prince of Peace" lies there.

High above a star is shining,
And the Wise Men haste from far;
Come, glad hearts, and spirits pining,
For you all has ris'n the star.
Let us bring our glad oblations,
Thanks, and love, and faith, and praise.
Come, ye people! Come ye nations!
All in all draw nigh to gaze.

Hark! the Heaven of heavens is ringing.
Christ the Lord to man is born!
Are not all our hearts, too, singing
Welcome, welcome, Christmas morn?
Still the Child, all power possessing,
Smiles as through the ages past,
And the song of Christmas blessing
Sweetly sinks to rest at last.

L. O. T. M. Resolutions.

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Supreme Commander in His all wise providence to remove from our ranks by death our worthy brother, Sir Knight William Martin; therefore be it

Resolved, That while we submit to the dispensation of His divine will, we deeply mourn our loss and extend our sympathy to the bereaved wife and family.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, and that these resolutions be made a part of the records of our Tent, and a copy of them be sent to the bereaved family and to our local paper and to the Michigan Maccabee for publication.

T. E. WOOD,
H. L. HATHALL, } Committee.
B. PARKER.

L. O. T. M.

The following officers were elected by the L. O. T. M. for the ensuing year:

L. C.—Mary L. Boyd.
P. L. C.—M. Ella Drislane.
Lt. C.—Eliza Bacon.
F. K.—Lois M. Bacon.
R. K.—H. Dora Harrington.
Serg.—Ella M. Craig.
M. A.—Martha Shaver.
Chap.—R. M. Wilkinson.
S.—Myrta Millsbaugh.
P.—Luella Whipple.

Resolutions of O. E. S.

WHEREAS, God in His infinite wisdom has seen fit to remove from our midst our beloved brother, William Martin; be it

Resolved, That we as members of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., do extend our heartfelt sympathy to the grief-stricken wife, fatherless children, and the sorrowing brothers and sister in their affliction.

Resolved, That a copy of these be sent to the bereaved family; that our charter be draped for thirty days, and wear the badge of mourning for the same; that they be placed upon the record of our Chapter; also sent for publication to our local papers.

Mrs. J. COOK.
Mrs. D. MARONEY.
Mrs. J. BACHMAN.

School Reports.

The report for the school in District No. 10, Sylvan, for the month ending Dec. 24, 1896, is as follows:

Number of days taught, 19; grand total number of days attendance, 160; average daily attendance, 9; number of pupils enrolled, 19. Those whose average daily standing is above 85 per cent are: Jerry Lingane, Wm. Lingane, Patrick Lingane, Arthur Youngs, Harry Long, Mamie Ross.
CONA E. SERRER, Teacher.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

Whenever

You are looking for an opportunity to buy

First-class Groceries

A little cheaper than you can elsewhere, just remember that that is our specialty at the

We are giving you an opportunity to buy a good lamp
Cheap,
Look at our assortment.

Bank Drug Store.

We are now drawing a fine light New Orleans Molasses at 25 cents per gallon that is just what you are looking for.

Large Meat Jars.

All sizes up to 30 gallons.

Try our 30c Tea.

It will equal many you have paid 50c for.

We have a complete assortment of Eight-day Clocks with alarm and gong strike, also nickle alarm clocks.

This Week We Are Selling:

Full cream cheese 12 cents pound
Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.
21 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.
8 pounds whole, clean rice for 25c
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.
Good tea dust 8c per pound.
Strongest ammonia 5 cents per pint.
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can
Good sugar syrup 20c per gal.
10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.
10 bars good soap for 25 cents.
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.

4½ pounds best crackers for 25c.
Poultry powder 15c per package.
4 pounds new prunes for 25 cents.
Large choice lemons 20c doz.
Try our 25c N. O. molasses.
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
25 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
Choice honey 15c per lb.
Light table syrup 25c per gal.
Large cucumber pickles 5c per doz.
Good tomatoes 7c per can.
25 boxes matches for 25c.
5 boxes tacks for 5c.
6 doz clothespins for 5c.

Glazier & Stimson Bargain Month.

All through January will give
Special Prices on

Furniture, Crockery, Glassware,
Stoves, Copper and Tinware.

HOAG & HOLMES.

The Time To Buy is When You Can Get a Bargain.

If you are in need of a Harness, Buggy, Cutter, Robes, Blankets, or anything in the harness line, call and see the bargains that will be given the next 60 days. If you do not need any of the goods above mentioned for six months to come, it will pay you to buy now.

My Musical Department is complete with fine instruments of all kinds. The holidays are approaching. If you wish to present your son, daughter or friend with some nice present, what is more appropriate than a nice Organ, Piano, Violin, Guitar, Banjo, Autoharp, etc. Come and see the bargains I have. Special bargains in sheet music. I will offer all my ten-cent music in stock at half off until after the holidays. Think of it. A splendid piece of music for five cents.

Parties wishing their pianos tuned can leave orders with me, as I have secured the services of Mr. J. Stanger, one of the most expert tuners in the state.

C. STEINBACH.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials. *

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1893.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

THE CHICAGO HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHICAGO, ILL., MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the Second Session.

In the senate on the 21st Senator Cameron presented the report of the committee on foreign relations favorable to his resolution recognizing the independence of Cuba and it went over until after the holidays. A resolution was also presented declaring that the power to recognize the independence of foreign people struggling to establish a government is vested in congress, and not in the president. In the house the senate amendments to the immigration bill were nonconcurrent in a conference agreed to. The consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was completed.

A dozen private pension bills were passed in the senate on the 22d, one of them for the 90-year-old daughter of a revolutionary soldier. The urgent deficiency bill (\$834,886) was also passed, and a resolution was adopted asking the secretary of state for information relative to the killing of Charles Gavin, an American citizen, by the Spanish forces in Cuba. Adjourned to January 5. In the house the legislative, executive and judicial bill, which carries a total appropriation of \$2,668,370 and provides for 10,000 salaries, was passed. Adjourned to January 5.

DOMESTIC.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 21st was: Wheat, 55,163,000 bushels; corn, 18,974,000 bushels; oats, 12,434,000 bushels; rye, 2,831,000 bushels; barley, 5,130,000 bushels.

A large number of families in Union county, Ark., are in a destitute condition, and many of them are starving because of the failure of crops.

Secretary Carlisle in his annual report on the state of the finances shows the revenues of the government from all sources to have been \$409,475,408, and the expenditures \$434,678,654, which leaves a deficit for the year ended June 30, 1896, of \$25,203,246.

The failure of the National bank of Illinois caused three other Chicago banks to close their doors, as follows: E. S. Dryer & Co., liabilities, \$1,200,000; Wasmandorff, Heinemann & Co., liabilities, \$420,000, and the Roseland bank, liabilities, \$50,000.

Jim Stone (colored), who assaulted Mrs. J. M. R. Green, of Mayfield, Ky., was taken from jail by a mob and lynched.

Twenty men were imprisoned in a mine at Wilkesbarre, Pa., by an explosion, and six were probably killed.

Mrs. Foss was murdered and her mother fatally wounded by a negro near Pontchartrou, La. Robbery was the motive.

Cuban sympathizers held a mass meeting in Cooper Union, New York, and addresses were made by Col. Ethan Allen, Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, of Virginia, and others.

A Southern Pacific passenger train was held up by masked men 200 miles west of San Antonio, Tex., but they only secured \$70.

The supreme court of Utah handed down a unanimous opinion sustaining the validity of the late election in the state.

The will of the late Henry L. Pierce, of Boston, leaves \$2,000,000 in public bequests and over \$2,500,000 to relatives and friends.

William Waldorf Astor's vast holdings of real estate in New York are to be sold as fast as possible without sacrifice and he will become a resident of England.

Alfred H. Wilson, an old miser who lived alone near St. Joseph, Mo., was murdered and robbed of \$3,000.

A train on the Grand Trunk railway was derailed near Danville Junction, Me., and ten persons were injured.

The United States gunboat Annapolis was launched from Nixon's shipyard at Elizabeth, N. J.

Frederick Joblinski and his son and daughter were murdered and his wife fatally wounded by John Mottie, the hired man, near Madelia, Minn., and the murderer also took his own life. Mottie was in love with Joblinski's daughter and the father objected.

Joe James (colored) was lynched at Woodstock, Ala. He attempted to assault Fannie Smith, aged 17, while she was on her way to school.

The Bank of Minnesota, one of the oldest financial institutions of the state, and considered one of the strongest in St. Paul, closed with heavy liabilities, and as a result the Union stockyards bank was forced to close.

Gov. Drake has issued a proclamation recommending that the people of the state fittingly observe on the 28th inst. the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Iowa into the union.

The Carlisle (Pa.) Indian school football team defeated the University of Wisconsin 11 at the Coliseum in Chicago by a score of 20 to 8.

Fire at Bridge, Mass., destroyed four large business blocks, the loss being \$200,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Aelo and their grandchild were burned to death in their home at Sheffield, O.

George Finley (colored) was lynched by a mob near Mayfield, Ky., for attacking a white man with a knife, inflicting a slight wound.

Hon. William J. Bryan opened his lecture tour at Atlanta, Ga., his subject being "The Ancient Landmarks."

Jay Van Seyoc and Earl Campbell, two young men of Valley, Neb., were drowned while skating on a lake.

Two children of Mrs. Christine Carlisle, Tommy, aged two, and Ruth, aged four, were burned to death at Wakefield, O. The mother had locked them in the house and gone to a neighbors.

Fire destroyed two buildings at the state reformatory in Elmira, N. Y., entailing a loss of \$100,000.

In Chicago the George A. Weiss Malt-ing and Elevator company failed for \$300,000, and Angus & Gindele, contractors, for \$250,000.

Scott Wike, of Illinois, assistant secretary of the United States treasury, has resigned.

James Preston, aged 40, shot his wife, Amanda, aged 37, and the latter's son, William Bryant, aged 19, in Cincinnati, and then shot himself. Domestic trouble was the cause.

Mrs. J. Supplier's sugar house at White Castle, La., was destroyed by fire, together with 3,500 barrels of sugar, the loss being \$200,000.

The annual statement of railroad construction shows that during 1896 only 1,802 miles of lines were built in the United States, the smallest mileage in any year since 1875.

The New England Society of the City of New York celebrated the ninety-first anniversary of its organization and the two hundred and seventy-sixth of the landing of the pilgrims.

Walbridge & Co.'s hardware and house furnishing establishment in Buffalo, N. Y., was damaged by fire to the extent of about \$150,000.

The remains of Kate Field arrived in San Francisco from Honolulu. They will be cremated and the ashes sent east for burial.

Allen Creer and the wife and daughter of Rud Owens were drowned in Clarks river near Paducah, Ky., by the capsizing of a boat.

The Bank of West Superior, Wis., capital \$50,000 and \$50,000 surplus, suspended because of the failure of the National bank of Illinois in Chicago.

J. D. Williams, a mulatto, shot his wife and then killed himself in Washington.

Hon. William J. Bryan opened his lecture tour at Atlanta, Ga., his subject being "The Ancient Landmarks."

Mrs. Henry Bond and Miss Tyrrell, sisters, living at Woodbourne, Pa., were killed by the cars at a crossing.

A train on the Chicago & Alton road was held up by robbers near Independence, Mo., and the express car looted.

The American Banking and Trust company of Auburn, Me., closed its doors with liabilities of \$55,000.

Solomon Sayles, wholesale meat dealer in New York, failed for \$250,000.

Mrs. H. Estby and her daughter Clara, 19 years old, arrived in New York from Spokane, Wash., having walked the entire distance since May 5 on a wager that they could cross the continent in seven months.

A large portion of the business section of Somerset, Ind., was wiped out by fire.

The Parsons-Pelletier Dry Goods company, one of the largest houses of the kind in Sioux City, Ia., failed for \$100,000.

The wife of Noah Scott, of Shelbyville, Ind., gave birth to four boys and all were doing well.

An explosion of nitro-glycerin near Montpelier, Ind., killed George Hickok and Harry Wood and greatly damaged the property of the Empire Glycerin company.

President Cleveland has approved the general pension and urgent deficiency appropriation bills.

By the explosion of a steam pipe in the city hall in Baltimore James Reilly and Charles Robertson were fatally scalded.

W. H. Jones, county treasurer of Barry county, Mo., for the past four years, is said to be short \$13,000 in his accounts.

There were 287 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 25th, against 367 the week previous and 322 in the corresponding period of 1895.

Miss Anna Held, the French actress, who is playing at the Grand opera house in Pittsburgh, sang on the public streets of the city for the benefit of a charitable institution and over \$800 was poured into her carriage.

Fire destroyed the Huffman house block in Rockford, Ill., the total loss being \$175,000.

The home of Philip McKim, near Franklin, Pa., was burned and three little children perished in the flames.

The Columbia, known as the old Drexel theater building, was burned at Anderson, Ind., the loss being \$90,000.

The Calumet state bank at Blue Island, Ill., closed its doors with liabilities of \$70,000.

Jay Van Seyoc and Earl Campbell, two young men of Valley, Neb., were drowned while skating on a lake.

Levis H. James and John Branzell, oystermen of Annapolis, Md., were frozen to death.

Fire partly destroyed the New York Polytechnic hospital in New York and compelled the removal of its patients, drove a score of families from their homes in adjoining buildings and did \$500,000 damage.

At Wilkesbarre, Pa., fire destroyed St Stephen's Episcopal church, the loss being \$200,000.

For the five months of the present fiscal year the decrease in the general collection of internal revenue has been \$651,957.

In a quarrel over a buffalo robe at Rathbunville, N. Y., Cloyd Meyers shot and killed William Allen and William Harrington.

The United States customs authorities have unearthed another gigantic Chinese certificate fraud by which hundreds of Chinese have gained admission to Seattle, Wash.

Thirteen Kentucky eloping couples celebrated Christmas by going to Jeffersonville, Ind., and being married.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Charles T. McClintock, who was the best-known authority in America on masonic rituals, died in New York, aged 67 years.

Gen. William Cullom, for years representative of the Carthage (Tenn.) district in congress, died at his home at Clinton, aged 90 years.

William Henry Hatch, ex-congressman and author of the famous "Hatch" or "anti-option bill," died at his home near Hannibal, Mo., aged 63 years. He was a member of congress from 1878 to 1894.

Mrs. Anna Hanson Dorsey, the pioneer of Catholic literature in this country, died in Washington, aged 93 years.

Peter Cannon, the oldest person in New York state, died at Belfast, aged 118 years.

FOREIGN.

An explosion in a confectionery manufactory at Casino, Italy, killed seven persons.

Capt. Gen. Weyler left Havana for Pinar del Rio to continue his campaign in the field.

In the Italian chamber of deputies a motion was introduced expressing the sympathy of the chamber with the Cuban insurgents.

An irade has been issued at Constantinople granting amnesty to all Armenian prisoners except those sentenced to death for murder.

Advices say that the Mohammedan rebellion in the northern part of China is at an end.

Sixteen young men were drowned in a river at Fuji, Japan, by the upsetting of a boat.

Great floods in northern Greece caused an overflow of the Salambria river and enormous damage was done, villages being inundated and a number of persons drowned.

Fire in the fashionable residence part of Montreal, Que., caused a loss of \$100,000.

The Yaqui Indians are again on the warpath in Mexico and a number of settlers in the Yaqui river valley have been murdered and their property destroyed.

The French government in Madagascar has issued a decree abolishing slavery.

The bark Jamaica was lost off Dos Rosas Tabasco and 16 persons were drowned.

It is said that the European powers are with Spain and that they will tolerate no aid to the cause of Cuban insurgents.

LATER.

A train on the Birmingham Mineral railroad went through the iron bridge over the Cahaba river about 27 miles from Birmingham, Ala., and was precipitated into an abyss 110 feet deep, and 27 of the passengers were mangled and burned to death. The accident was charged to train wreckers.

A large part of the business portion of Potsdam, N. Y., was burned, the loss being \$200,000.

As a result of a gas explosion in the mine of the Maule Coal company at Princeton, Ind., six men were killed and eight badly injured.

During a drunken quarrel at Hinton, W. Va., John Legg and his brother Richard were killed by William Moore.

Alfred Holt (colored), the murderer of Police Officer A. White, was taken from jail by a mob at Owensboro, Ky., and hanged to a tree in the courthouse yard.

Fire destroyed most of the business portion of the town of Miami, Fla.

Otto Wasmandorff, senior partner in the collapsed bank of Wasmandorff & Heinemann, of Chicago, killed himself by shooting.

The Atlas national bank of Chicago has gone into voluntary liquidation. All depositors will be paid in full.

There is no truth in the story that European governments are preparing to help Spain as against the United States.

Norton & Co., for 40 years millers and grain dealers in Chicago, failed for \$500,000.

Upon the death of his wife Dr. Pitzer set fire to his house at Orlando, Fla., and then shot himself, and both bodies were cremated.

Joseph D. Weeks, editor of the American Manufacturer, died at his home in Pittsburgh, Pa., from a stroke of paralysis.

The remains of Kate Field were cremated in San Francisco and the ashes sent east for interment.

E. L. Rogers, his son, Frank, nine years old, and Minerva Robbins, a hired girl, were drowned near Clayton, N. Y., by the capsizing of a boat.

The Security Mortgage and Trust company, a financial concern at Dallas, Tex., failed for \$2,000,000.

Gen. John Meredith Read, of Albany, N. Y., the well-known diplomatist, died in Paris, aged 59 years. He was the first United States consul-general for France and Algeria in 1869-73, and in November, 1873, was appointed United States minister resident in Greece.

WARNED.

Europe Will Probably Side with Spain in Case of Trouble.

London, Dec. 26.—The Times publishes a dispatch from Paris saying that the United States has been confidentially informed in the most friendly terms that the European powers could not remain impassive in the event of the United States abandoning the attitude of President Cleveland and his cabinet. Should the United States presume to exercise pressure on Spain by recognizing the Cuban insurgents or encouraging them in their resistance, it has been informed that Europe generally might become uneasy at the idea of such an extension of international action by the United States, inasmuch as it might at a given moment threaten almost all the powers whose possessions are in proximity to the United States and might tempt the spirit of enterprise and encroachment that is inspiring the senate committee on foreign relations.

"If," continues the writer, "I am correctly informed, the United States has been concurrently informed that Germany is already quite prepared to side with Spain in the event of the United States showing that she is disposed officially to side with the rebels. Moreover, academic conversations are proceeding in certain foreign offices among the measures the powers should take to form a syndicate against the invasion of socialism which is now menacing all political organizations. It was during these pour parlers that the friendly warning to the United States originated, Senator Cameron's resolutions for the recognition of the Cuban insurgents being regarded in some quarters as revolutionary."

WINTER IN THE EAST.

Heavy Fall of Snow in New York—Sleighbing in Brooklyn.

New York, Dec. 24.—Snow fell at intervals throughout Wednesday, making street traffic difficult in the city and interfering considerably with railway business in the suburbs. Nearly all incoming trains were behind schedule time, and those from north and west report bad drifts, owing to the high winds which have prevailed. In Brooklyn and in the upper part of the city there is good sleighing for the first time this winter.

The street cleaning department had several thousand carts at work and the most important streets were kept comparatively clear. The storm caused a lull in the holiday trade at the shops, and the delivery systems and express companies, whose facilities have been taxed to the utmost by the heavy trade, were given an opportunity to catch up.

In Jersey City the police were called upon to prevent fights between trolley car employees who ran sweepers over the car tracks and piled the snow in front of stores and merchants who put gangs of men at work shoveling snow back upon the tracks. The trolley companies finally agreed to remove the snow and hostilities were averted.

Reports from the interior of this state and in New England state that from ten to twelve inches of snow fell and the railways are being operated with difficulty.

KILLED HIS SISTER.

A Chicago Peddler Crushes Her Skull with a Baseball Bat.

Chicago, Dec. 23.—Driven mad by peace bonds which have been held over him since last October, John Ryan, a peddler living at 45 Lowell place, murdered his sister, Katherine Ryan, Tuesday evening by crushing her skull with a baseball bat, and intended to end his own life in Lake Michigan. He was arrested, however, as he was leaving the scene of his crime, and the police are of the opinion that he is insane. When the officers reached the flat where Ryan and his sister lived they found the murdered woman lying upon the floor in a pool of blood and the room in flames. During the struggle the stove had been overturned and the department was called out to extinguish the blaze. Neither Ryan nor his victim had ever been married. Last October he quarreled with other tenants in the building and was placed under peace bonds. The disgrace he has felt it is thought affected his mind.

FOUR ARE DEAD.

Young Man of Minnesota Kills Three Persons and Commits Suicide.

Mankato, Minn., Dec. 23.—A wholesale murder was committed at Madelia, a small town 20 miles west of here, late Monday night. John Mottie shot and killed Dennis J. Joblinski, the latter's son, aged 19, and a daughter, aged 16. A fourth person was badly wounded. The slayer then put a bullet through his own head. Mottie was infatuated with Joblinski's daughter and the father objected. The murderer was 25 years old.

Preparing for an Emergency.

San Francisco, Dec. 26.—The war vessels upon this coast are preparing for an emergency. The magazines at Mare Island are being heavily stocked with ammunition and there is a feeling of unrest among the officers of the navy, who are liable at any moment to be ordered to sea. While the heads of the various branches of the navy department are in consultation at Washington, discussing the proper modes for defending the seaboard cities of the country, action has been taken here that seems to demonstrate that, in the opinion of the directing powers, it is well to be ready for anything that may occur at short notice.

Better Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills cure Liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

CALENDAR FOR 1897.

JANUARY							JULY						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

FEBRUARY							AUGUST						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

MARCH							SEPTEMBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

APRIL							OCTOBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

MAY							NOVEMBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

JUNE							DECEMBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The excess of exports over imports in November was larger by \$10,000,000 than for any previous November. The exports for the month were \$20,528,296 more than for the same month in 1895, while the imports were \$16,693,835 less.

The death of Nicola Barilli, half-brother of Adelina Patti, reduces the immediate family of the great songstress to a nephew, Alfredo Barilli, who lives in Atlanta, Ga. He is a young man, and has won success as a teacher and director of music. Last year he visited Mrs. Patti at Craigynon, in Wales.

The clerk of an English village recently committed suicide by taking poison. He had posted all his books up to date, and even registered his own death, evidently calculating the time the poison was to take to operate. In this, however, he was not quite correct, as he entered his death at 7 p. m., whereas his body was found at 6:30.

Old time necklaces and brooches of amethyst that have been cast aside as out of fashion are coming once more to the fore. The exquisite coloring of the stone is quoted universally, and is always admitted to have a peculiar facility for bringing out the whiteness of the skin. A great deal is said, too, about the soft comforts of its purple depths.

A WELL-DRESSED Hindoo woman wears but one piece of cloth; this is six or eight yards in length, and a yard and a quarter wide. It is wrapped in graceful folds about her waist, shoulders and body, allowing it to hang loosely in some directions, and tucked in here and there to keep it in place. She is neatly and becomingly dressed without using pins, buttons or strings.

The most serious problem which is to shortly confront the authorities of Greater New York is that of an adequate water supply. The watershed from which the inhabitants of Manhattan island receive their supply is not a third extensive enough in area, while the chain of ponds from which Brooklyn receives its supply can scarcely be enlarged. Will the greatest city in the western hemisphere have to go to Lake Ontario or Lake Champlain for an adequate supply?

Mr. S. A. THOMPSON, who recently picked his way through the Imataca mountains in Venezuela, found a great river bursting diagonally from an almost perpendicular cliff 1,600 feet high, where the water divides into half a dozen streams, which divide and subdivide, spread out into broad, fan-like expansions to reach the canyon below. He says that the region is entirely uninhabited, and there is not the slightest sign to show that the falls have ever been visited by white men before.

ONE daring man started a lunch counter for women, and as it became fashionable it still exists and is popular. Here the women come in carriages to sit on high stools along the marble-topped counter, where they help themselves to the surrounding dainties, and order their tea or coffee. When the time for reckoning comes the white-aproned waiter accepts the accounting of the customer and never turns an eyelash, even though he may have seen her smuggle a cream puff, that she has forgotten to pay for.

CARRIER pigeons are the newest auxiliaries at fashionable weddings. With dainty packets firmly attached beneath their wings, they are set free as the bride party leaves the altar. The packets, tied with white ribbon, contain an announcement of the wedding, and the birds are dispatched to the friends of the newlywed couple. This can only be done, of course, in cases where the pigeons came originally from the houses of the friends themselves. This novelty has been successfully introduced at several fashionable weddings.

The latest triumph in the scientific world is that of Mr. Joseph J. Feeley, of Walpole, Mass., who, in collaboration with Dr. Walter E. Negbauer, of Brookline, has finally succeeded in constructing a dynamo and other special appliances for the generation of electric energy by the force of the wind acting upon an ordinary windmill, thus making it possible to capture the terrific power of a hurricane and to store it away for utilization, at times and in quantities to suit convenience, for light and heat, for cooking and for mechanical power.

FORTUNES are now being made out of California gold mines that were abandoned a few years ago as not worth working. It is said that a majority of the most profitable mines of the state to-day are in the so-called played-out camps and that few of the new districts opened in later times have held out well. This development is partly due to discoveries of new ore bodies by deep prospecting, but seems to be mainly attributable to improved methods of mining and of extracting the yellow ore. The history of South African gold mining may be repeated in California.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Pardoned by the Governor. Seth Aiken, of Manistee, who was convicted December, 1890, of the crime of manslaughter and sentenced by Judge Judkins to ten years' imprisonment in the state prison at Jackson, has been pardoned by Gov. Rich. Aiken killed Charles Brown in a saloon disturbance at Onkema. Officers came in and were proceeding to quell the disturbance by violent means, taking Aiken and throwing him on the floor, and as he struggled to his feet he drew his revolver and fired, apparently at random. The pardon board says that Aiken was the most respectable of the whole gang in the saloon.

The Salt Industry. State Salt Inspector George W. Hill has forwarded to Gov. Rich the twenty-eighth annual report of the operations of the state salt inspection law for the inspection year ended November 30, 1896. It shows that the total number of barrels produced was 2,969,094, being 706,887 barrels less than in 1895. Statistics show that 33,283,037 barrels were manufactured prior to the enactment of the inspection law from 1860 to 1868, inclusive. Adding the salt manufactured prior to the inspection law, gives the total product in the state to date at 74,158,405 barrels.

Churches Sold for Taxes. Ishpeming has furnished the spectacle, probably unprecedented in this country, of churches being sold for delinquent sewer taxes. The four sold are the Methodist, Presbyterian, English Baptist and Episcopal. Those that are in danger of a similar fate include representatives of nearly every denomination. The four were knocked down for a song to a tax title dealer. The time for redemption has expired, and it rests with the purchasers to say whether the edifices shall be redeemed at nominal figures.

Michigan's Child Tramp. Jessie Smith, the nine-year-old daughter of poor parents at Owosso, is beyond question the youngest girl tramp in the country. Jessie takes to the road as naturally as the experienced wanderer, and whenever she tires of home or school she takes a trip into the country and enjoys the hospitality of the farmers. She was gone for three days on her last trip and was returned by a farmer living ten miles north of Owosso, at whose home she arrived, cold and hungry, at ten o'clock at night.

Wife Market Is Active. George H. Pregner, a wealthy farmer living near Three Oaks, advertised for a wife in a Chicago matrimonial journal. He agreed to give the young woman who would become his wife a 200-acre farm and \$5,000 in cash. The other day Pregner was united in marriage to Miss Edith Van Horn, of Kindred, Minn. Miss Van Horn is 21 years of age, while Pregner is hale and hearty at 72, and has the record of having divorced three wives.

Health in Michigan. During the week ended December 10 reports sent in by 58 observers in various portions of the state indicate that inflammation of the brain, whooping cough and scarlet fever increased and consumption decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 183 places, typhoid fever at 32, diphtheria at 50, scarlet fever at 50, measles at 17 and whooping cough at 19 places.

Brief Items of News. The Muskegon city council has adopted a resolution boycotting those fighting what are known as 1894 taxes, litigation of which is now pending.

Julius M. McMartin, deputy collector and entry clerk in the customs service at Port Huron, has been removed from office for implication in political assessments during the recent campaign.

Mr. and Mrs. John Krause, living near Blissfield, have become insane over religion, their malady having been pronounced incurable by physicians.

C. M. Norris, for 30 years leading music dealer in Saginaw, filed chattel mortgages for \$9,480. Slow collections.

The administrative board of Ann Arbor university has refused permission for the musical clubs to make their annual tours in the spring.

Louis Heydlauff was acquitted at Jackson of the murder of his sweet heart, Emma Moeckel. The defense was temporary insanity.

A widows' club has been organized at South Cato, Montcalm county, with 19 members, the avowed object of which is to induce the immigration of desirable young widowers into that region.

Rough on rats accidentally mixed with breakfast food poisoned the entire family of Dr. R. B. Armstrong, of Charlevoix. Powerful antidotes saved the entire family.

L. L. Culver, who is soliciting the right of way for the electric railway from Bay City to Unionville, says the project is a go, all the farmers along the line being in favor of the road.

The Michigan Pipe company's immense plant in Bay City, which was wiped out by fire at a loss of \$75,000, will be rebuilt.

Dr. Ira C. Alger, the oldest citizen of Holly, died at the age of 83 years. He was the first white settler in the village, in 1841, and built the first grist mill and the first sawmill.

BUSINESS IS SLOW.

Bank Failures Have a Depressing Effect on Trade. New York, Dec. 25.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

"The failure of two important banks, the second in size of business in Chicago, and the oldest at St. Paul, with some others dependent on them, closes not favorably a month which promised to end with only moderate commercial disasters. It does not lessen the effect of these failures that one was caused by enormous loans in aid of an electric railway and other concerns in a real estate. Since several thousand business men and depositors are for the time embarrassed as much as the speculators that caused the trouble, the breakdown is the reverse of hopeful at present, although it comes when money markets are well supplied and when no serious effect in business is to be apprehended. Other important events of the week are the failure of the bill and rail pools to find a basis for agreement, and the somewhat general discharge of hands or reduction of wages in the shoe manufacture. The holiday trade has been fair, but generally in articles of medium grade. The reports of earnings are not cheering, and the aggregate for December thus far has been 4.5 per cent. less than last year, the granger and other western roads showing much decrease.

"The fall in steel billets from over \$29 to about \$15 at Pittsburgh, and in steel rails from \$23 net for mills to \$25, less brokers' commissions, produces so great a change in other prices and conditions of business that the meeting held here this week for the purpose of reviving pools and fixing prices influenced operations throughout the country. But no agreement was reached, and meanwhile contracts have been made covering the wants of most producers for three months, and some for the whole of the year 1897, and it is said that such large contracts have been made at \$15 at Pittsburgh and \$17.50 at the east. Bessemer pig has declined to \$11.15, and gray forge to \$9.65 at Pittsburgh, while bar and other finished products remain unchanged.

"In the cotton manufacture there is further decline in some staple goods and takings by northern spinners are disappointing. Print cloth accumulates and does not advance. Raw cotton comes forward just as it did in other years when official and other stories of injury ended in great crops. Sales of wool are restricted, by the general conviction that prices asked by interior holders cannot be realized, and there is considerable disposition to unload speculative purchases at seaboard markets. Most manufacturers have more wool than they have orders, and others meet as yet no satisfactory demand for goods.

"Wheat has grown a little stronger in spite of the disturbance of the Chicago market. The volume of business, all branches considered, is not large. Payments through clearing houses have been for the week 23.9 per cent. less than last year, and for the month thus far the daily average is 9.8 per cent. less than last year. Failures for the week have been 297 in the United States, against 322 last year, and 44 in Canada, against 40 last year."

Bradstreet says: "The arrival of the holidays, the close of the year and the period of annual stock-taking have further checked the volume of wholesale business. Only filling-in orders are being received, and trade is slow. Retail demand for holiday goods has been active, but it is for cheaper grades than in previous years. In other lines the distribution of merchandise has been smaller at a number of distributing centers. Failures of important banking institutions in northwestern cities tend to unsettle confidence in commercial and banking circles. Very few salesmen remain on the road, but most of them are preparing to go out within a fortnight. The moderate trade revival which followed the last presidential election has been disappointing, in that, aside from the Christmas demand, business has been more unsatisfactory for a month past than at a corresponding period in many years."

THREE BANKS FAIL.

Bank of Minnesota, at St. Paul, Goes to a Receiver.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 24.—The machinery for closing up the business of the Bank of Minnesota was set in motion Wednesday afternoon by Judge Otis in the appointment of William H. Lightner and Frank A. Seymour, cashier of the Merchants national bank, its receivers. M. D. Kenyon, public examiner, in his petition to the court, stated that the assets of the bank were \$281,000 in real estate, \$45,000 in cash and \$1,675,000 in loans and discounts. Some surprise was expressed over the last item, as when the bank's last statement, October 6, was made, the loans and discounts were given as \$2,300,000. The public examiner has evidently given these at what he regards their actual value. The bank is indebted to depositors in the sum of \$2,341,000, and its liabilities over all assets are \$340,000. As the capital stock is \$600,000 and every stockholder liable to twice the amount of his stock, it is pretty certain that every depositor will be paid nearly dollar for dollar.

The bank's capital was \$50,000 and surplus \$50,000. The cash on hand was \$22,000, and all but \$2,000 of this was tied up in outside failures. The city of Superior and board of education have nearly \$14,000 in the bank, about half of which was deposited within the last few days. Ira Burhans is president and C. H. Nichols cashier. The bank was a depositor in the National Bank of Illinois at Chicago.

Lewiston, Me., Dec. 24.—The American Banking and Trust company, of Auburn, chartered in 1886, has closed its doors and has asked the court for the appointment of a receiver. The deposits are not large and the bank officials say there are assets enough to pay depositors in full as soon as the assets can be turned into cash. The deposits and bills payable amount to \$54,403, and assets nominally \$130,743. The business of the institution was largely in western mortgages.

Sang for Charity. Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 25.—Miss Anna Held, the French actress, who is playing at the Grand opera house, sang on the public streets of this city Thursday for the benefit of a charitable institution. The crowds were so pleased with the young woman's efforts that over \$800 was poured into her carriage.

FATAL COLLISION.

Allentown (Pa.) Trolley Car Struck by a Train—One Killed; Several Hurt.

Allentown, Pa., Dec. 26.—A trolley car coming to this city from Bethlehem Friday afternoon was struck by a Jersey Central passenger train on a grade crossing in East Allentown. The trolley car conductor ran ahead and signaled to the motorman to proceed. He changed the signal upon seeing an approaching train, but it was too late. Motorman Lawrence J. Ware stopped the car with the front platform on the track. The train was running at the rate of 25 miles an hour, and when the locomotive struck the car it broke the platform off, carrying it 150 feet. The motorman was dragged almost as far and killed almost instantly. The car was broken to splinters. Conductor George Gresser had his face slightly bruised and four passengers from Bethlehem were injured.

SLAVERY ABOLISHED.

Reforms Being Brought About by French Government in Madagascar.

Washington, Dec. 24.—Among the earliest reforms of the French government in Madagascar is a decree abolishing slavery, a copy of which has reached the state department from Consul Wetter at Tananarive. It declares all the inhabitants free, forbids traffic in human beings, nullifies every contract providing for the sale of persons, and imposes penalties for violation of the law, which are to be tripled in case of second offense. Other features of the decree are that France promises not to impose upon the people of Madagascar any extraordinary war tax and offers aid to dispossessed owners of slaves in the form of territorial possessions. Another decree relating to schools prohibits interference by teachers in political affairs, and urges instruction in the French language.

AN AGED LADY'S FATE.

Mrs. Parmelee, 75 Years Old, Killed by Chicago Cable Cars.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—Mrs. F. A. Parmelee, 75 years old, and the mother-in-law of W. S. Seaverns, a member of the board of trade firm of L. N. Aah & Co., met a horrible death Wednesday afternoon under a cable train on State street within sight of thousands of Christmas shoppers. Mrs. Parmelee was buying Christmas presents and had several small bundles in her arms. Cable cars and vehicles were thicker than usual between Madison and Washington streets. Snow was falling, and this added to the woman's inability to get across State street safely. When on the cable track a train knocked her down and life was quickly crushed out.

The Strike in Boston.

Boston, Dec. 26.—The West End street car men are sick of strikes. Fully 800 striking employees of the road were locked out Friday. With daybreak came the resumption of car service, and the majority of strikers who applied for work at the several division headquarters were given cars in the order of application. Many, however, were told that their services would not be required, and it was noticeable that this applied to every man who had been active in the strike and who had served on the union committees. The company hired fully 800 new hands, and were enabled to run cars on schedule time. These new men were, as a rule, given regular jobs, while the old men taken on later in the day were put on the extra list, which means that they will get only occasional work by the hour's pay.

Greater New York.

New York, Dec. 25.—The preliminary draft of the new charter for the Greater New York has been completed, and was made public Thursday. The commission before submitting the charter to the legislature will hold public hearings from January 4 to 16. The preliminary charter divides the city into five boroughs—Manhattan, the Bronx, Brooklyn, Richmond and Queens. The central government of the city will be in the hands of a municipal assembly consisting of two houses. A lower house of 104 members elected from senatorial districts, and upper house of 37 members elected from council districts created by the charter. There will be one mayor, but each of the five boroughs will have a president to care for local concerns, and there will be 22 local boards, one for each senatorial district.

Nebraska's Big Corn Crop.

Syracuse, Neb., Dec. 26.—Seventy-five thousand bushels of corn have been cribbed here during the past six weeks. Fifty-five thousand bushels of new corn have been shipped out by the elevators during the past two weeks. An extra freight train for corn from this point is required every day. What is true of this city is true of every section of Nebraska. About all the corn has been husked in western Nebraska. The great problem is the manner in which it can be handled. Many are storing their grain.

Bicycle Record Broken.

San Francisco, Dec. 26.—Bicycle records were smashed with astonishing rapidity at the New Velodrome track Friday afternoon. Hardy Downing, of San Jose, lowered the coast record for one-third of a mile from 45 to 43 3-5 seconds; Dixon and Loos, the crack amateur tandem team, made a half mile in 55 seconds, lowering the American record one second, and Kreetz and Lantua, the Olympic club amateurs, rode a mile on the tandem, flying start, in 1:57 1-5, beating the American record 1-1-5 seconds.

DEATH IN A MINE.

Explosion in an Indiana Colliery Cost Six Lives.

Princeton, Ind., Dec. 28.—As a result of a gas explosion in the mine of the Maule Coal company here Saturday six men were killed and eight badly injured. One man, Robert Poneylight, is still underground and all hope of his being rescued alive has been given up. The names of the dead are:

Robert Maule, aged 29, treasurer and general superintendent of the Maule Coal company; John Holms, married, three children, aged 53; Theodore Faber, married, one child, aged 33; John Ernst, married, two children, aged 26; John Rial, married, aged 21; Carl Poneylight, single, aged 24, residence, Belleville, Ill.

Eight miners were injured. Their names follow: James Turner, David Nolan, Arthur Colegate, James Cruce, William Grills, Frank Thurber, Thomas Pierce and William Booker.

About 20 men were all at work in the mine, clearing up the debris resulting from an explosion which took place last Sunday morning, when no one was injured. Suddenly there was a flash, followed by a blinding explosion. The smoke and gas came rushing from the mouth of the mine, and the alarm was at once given. The scene around the shaft was a pitiful one, the wives, children and relatives of the men below shrieking and wringing their hands in anguish.

A big force of men was soon at work and several brave volunteers entered the shaft in search of the victims. No great progress could be made, on account of the gas and afterdamp, and several members of the rescuing party were soon overcome and had to be carried to the surface.

Inside of half an hour, however, several of the bodies had been found. They were carried out and conveyed to Smith's undertaking rooms, where they were put in presentable shape and an inquest begun. The bodies were shockingly mutilated, heads crushed, limbs torn away, intestines protruding and the flesh of the main body hanging in shreds.

SENT TO JAIL.

Chicago Alderman Indicted on a Charge of Murder.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—As the result of information gained recently by Police Inspector Schanck from two nonresident witnesses, the grand jury on Saturday voted an indictment against Thomas J. O'Malley, alderman from the Twenty-third ward, charging complicity in the murder of Gus Colliander, a saloon keeper and Twenty-third ward politician, on election night, November, 1894. Half a dozen members of the notorious "Market street gang" have been suspected by the police of this cold-blooded crime. John Bingham and John Santry, of the gang, were also indicted Saturday on the same charge. O'Malley, at one a. m. Sunday, surrendered himself and was taken to jail.

Colliander had received the nomination for north town collector, and entered the polling place at 117 Oak street about midnight to watch the count of votes. Soon after his arrival a band of the Market street criminals broke in the door and a bloody fight followed. Colliander was shot through the body and head, dying in a few hours. Policeman Michaels, who was stationed at the polling place, was seriously wounded by a bullet. Assistant State's Attorney Pearson, who examined the new witnesses, said their testimony made out a stronger case against the alderman than against Santry or Bingham. It is alleged that witnesses saw O'Malley with the other man before the murder and scuffling in the crowd while the shooting was in progress. The police have been working very secretly for months on new developments in the case and the indictment of O'Malley caused sensational surprise as much in police circles as among politicians at the city hall. He has a plumb-ing establishment in his ward, was serving his first term in the council and has always been regarded as a good citizen.

THREE FRIENDS' CREW.

Members Find Themselves Regarded as Pirates by the Government.

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 28.—A special to the Citizen from Tampa says: The developments in Cuban circles have been startling, and the actors in the recent sea tragedy, who were on board the Three Friends, are badly frightened over the gravity of the situation in which they have been involved. They find themselves, instead of being in a dangerous position as filibusters, to be in the unenviable position of pirates, and the wisest Cuban heads have been summoned in consultation. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Scott Wike was at Key West investigating the matter, but the absence of a district attorney at that place made detention a farce.

"Mr. Wike stopped at Jacksonville Saturday afternoon and censured the district attorney there for having no representative at Key West. He arrived at Tampa Sunday morning, and has been in consultation with the collector of customs. The affair presents the following aspect:

"No denial has been made of the story by officials of the Three Friends. Their silence is taken as an admission. In that case Spain may make requisition upon the United States for the persons who were aboard, and this government has no alternative but their delivery."

Your Money Back

If you are not satisfied with a trial of Jackson Gem Flour or Whipped Cream Baking Powder.

Every Pound Warranted to Please.

FREEMAN'S.

Sauer Kraut 20 cents per gal. Salt Pork Five cents per pound.

Select and Standard OYSTERS On Ice.

I will not be undersold.

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That's our rule

And we never break it. Get fitted out for

Fall and Winter

With one of the elegant new designs in suitings.

GEO. WEBSTER.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 29th, 1896.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express.....5:15 A. M.
Atlantic Express.....7:05 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....3:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.
Mail and Express.....9:35 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....9:50 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

The I. D. Y.'s talk of disbanding. Don't forget to write it 1897 to-morrow. Wm. Schatz is the guest of his parents. Miss Mary J. Miller, who has been very ill, is better. Chas. Whitaker was a Detroit visitor last Tuesday.

O. E. Cummer spent Christmas in Eaton Rapids.

Bert and Burnett Sparks left last Monday for California.

E. A. Williams has been appointed station agent here.

Bernadette and Walter Raftery visited in Toledo last week.

Mrs. John Mercier, of Jasper, Ont., is the guest of relatives here.

Miss B. Howe spent Christmas with her brother Michael, of Sylvan.

Jacob Staffan has removed his livery to his new barn on Park street.

Alvin S. Cummer spent part of last week with friends in Detroit.

M. A. Shaver and family, of Albion, spent Christmas here with relatives.

Miss Considine, of Detroit, is the guest of her brother at St. Mary's Rectory.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Barthel, of Albion, called on relatives and parents here the past week.

Fred Schumacher and family, of Ann Arbor, spent Christmas here with his parents.

Louis Gelston, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Thomas and Herbert Clark over Sunday.

Jay Wood and wife, of Ann Arbor, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Barthel.

Miss Kress, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Miss Edith Foster during the holidays.

Thomas Gorman is home from Assumption College, Canada, for the Christmas holidays.

The Misses Katharine and Rose Conaty, of Detroit, are guests of their sister, Mrs. Jas. Harrington.

Miss Eva Foster, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Clara Stapish, for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. Annie Rademacher and children, of Detroit, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Barthel.

Herbert and Thomas Clark, of Lyndon, are spending their Christmas vacation with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborne and children, of Niles, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes.

Mrs. Lyons, accompanied by her two sons, John and Harry, spent Christmas with friends in Jackson.

Chas. Smith, wife and daughter, of Ypsilanti, spent a few days here the past week with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Wm. E. Stocking, formerly of Lima, but now of Ann Arbor, fell on the icy sidewalk recently and fractured her right arm below the elbow.

Dr. J. C. Twitchell leaves next week for Chicago, where he will take a post-graduate course, after which he will go to Oregon, where he expects to locate.

Friday, Jan. 1, 1897, is the Feast of the Circumcision of Our Blessed Lord, a holy day in the Catholic Church. Masses will be celebrated at 6 and 9:30 a. m. on Friday. Benediction will be given after the high mass.

Mr. Henry Doll, an old and respected resident of the town of Dexter, died at his home Wednesday, Dec. 30, 1896, at 6 a. m. Mr. Doll had been very ill for some time, and his sufferings were severe, but he bore them with Christian fortitude. His funeral will take place from St. Mary's church on Saturday, Jan. 2, 1897, at 10 a. m., with Requiem high mass, his pastor, the Rev. William P. Considine, officiating.

The Christmas festival of St. Mary's church, which was held at the Opera House last Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, was a brilliant social and financial success. More than \$200 were realized. The supper was elegant, the Christmas tree beautiful, and the display of fancy and useful articles very large. The Fishing Pond was a profitable and amusing feature of the festival. The musical entertainment was very fine, the instrumental trio, Mr. Louis Gelston, of Ann Arbor, banjo; Mr. Thomas Clark, mandolin; Mr. Herbert Clark, guitar, being received with great favor. Mr. Louis Burg and Miss Edith Foster sang a duet very charmingly. Miss Mary McKernan and Miss Blanche Cole and the Misses Amy Foster and Mary Clark also took part, giving some admirable numbers on the piano and violin. The junior choir opened and closed the very interesting program with two beautiful songs. "Uncle Jacob's Money" was very ludicrous, and kept the audience in roars of laughter. The ladies are very grateful to all who helped to make the entertainment such a great success.

Notices.

CHelsea, Mich., Dec. 28, 1896.
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to close our places of business at 7:30 p. m., local time, commencing Jan. 4, until April 1, with the exception of Saturdays.
H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.
John Farrell.
W. P. Schenk & Co.
Hoag & Holmes.
J. W. Bettsel.
L. T. Freeman.
W. J. Knapp.
J. S. Cummings.
Fred Kautelner.
Druse & Elsele.
J. J. Raftery.
R. S. Armstrong & Co.
L. & A. E. Winans.
Glazier & Stimson.
H. L. Wood & Co.
J. Geo. Webster.
Adam Eppler.
M. Boyd.

Heydlauff Case.

The Heydlauff perjury case came up for examination before Justice Worth Monday. The Justice's office was filled with spectators. T. I. Daniel was present to take the testimony, and Asistant Prosecutor Edwards asked to have him sworn as the first witness. This was a surprise to Mr. Daniel, as Mr. Blair had said nothing to him about being a witness. Mr. Edwards said he only wanted to prove certain evidence given in the former trial. Mr. Daniel did not have his notes, and a wait occurred while Mr. Blair's copy was being procured. When the officer returned Mr. Daniel testified to the copy of extracts of Heydlauff's testimony on cross-examination, referring particularly to the time of and immediately before and after the shooting. Drs. Conlon and Christopher Crogan, of Munith, were the only witnesses giving testimony in the Heydlauff examination Monday, when it was adjourned until January 23. Mr. Blair had business in Lansing, and his assistant, Mr. Edwards, appeared for the people. The case now falls on the shoulders of Prosecutor-elect Kirkby. He called the ten or twelve witnesses, which came Monday pursuant to subpoenas, to his office to see what there was to the case.—Jackson Patriot.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:
W. C. Ackley, Adrian, window screen; E. J. Fulghum, Traverse City, electric light support, A. C. Gerow, Port Huron, dustpan; A. Keeler, Layton Corners, fence; J. McGregor, Saginaw, steam generator; O. Millard, Flint, powder mixing device; H. Sawyer, Muskegon, discharging mechanism for buckets, tongs, etc.; G. W. M. Shearer, Jackson, potato digger; R. C. Simmons, East Tawas, car coupling; W. H. Stow, Frankfort, sash fastener; E. B. Whitmore, Three Rivers, dust collector.

Calendars and Coupons.

So many beautiful calendars and entertaining novelties have been issued by the proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that we are hardly surprised to receive this season not only one of the very prettiest designs in calendars, but with it coupons which entitle the recipient to attractive novelties. Every one who gets a Hood's Sarsaparilla calendar for 1897 secures something that will prove interesting and valuable as well as a beautiful specimen of the lithographer's art. The calendar is accompanied this season by an amusing little book on "The Weather." Ask your druggist for Hood's Coupon Calendar, or send 6 cents in stamps for one to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Having been instructed by the Common Council of the Village of Chelsea to force the collection of all poll taxes for the year 1896, and having been instructed to commence suit against any and all who have neglected or refused to pay said poll tax, I do hereby give notice to all who have not paid this tax, that unless paid at once to the Treasurer of said Village, I shall commence suit against all delinquents.

G. W. TURNBULL,
Village Attorney.

Old People.

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Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:
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January Clearing Sale.

Commencing January 2 and ending Jan. 23, 1897, we shall make special prices on our stock of goods, in all departments, that will be lower than ever seen or heard of in Chelsea.

The following are just a few of the many good things we shall offer this month:

- 50 pieces of 35 to 50 cent Dress Goods now 25 cents.
- All black goods reduced.
- Good Linen Crash 5 cents.
- Good Cotton Crash 3 1-2 cents.
- Good Outing, white and colored, 4 cents.
- Good Brown 36-inch Cotton 4 1/2 cents.
- 30 pounds Light Brown Sugar for \$1.00.
- 25 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00, with 1 pound of 50c Royal Saturna Tea.
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CLOTHING--All Suits, Ulsters' Overcoats, Odd Pants 1-4 off.

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LIKE THE YOUNG LADY

At a ball who called her beau an Indian because he was on her trail all the time, we are on your trail and won't be satisfied until we secure you as a customer. We've got the meats and prices to hold you with.

Choice steam kettle rendered lard in 25lb lots at 6 1/2c per lb. Smaller lots at 7c per lb. Bulk oysters and poultry at lowest prices.

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Per Day, \$1.50.
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W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices.
The "Belmont" and "Pointed Toe" (shown in cuts) will be the leaders this season, but any other style desired may be obtained from our agents.
We use only the best Calf. Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes. If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.
W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Here and There.

Wm. Paul is on the sick list. Use K. N. P. Catarrh Cure, 25c.

A happy New Year to our readers one and all.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Paine, Dec. 20, 1896, a son.

Mr. John P. Foster spent Christmas with his family.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

Victor Hindelang, of Albion, was the guest of his father over Sunday.

M. J. Breen, of Michigan City, Ind., spent a few days here the past week.

John Martin, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of relatives last week in Chelsea.

Wanted--Second-growth wood in exchange for robes and blankets. C. Steinbach. 16

Bert Warner, of Detroit, spent a few days here with his parents the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Tarbell, of Jackson, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Lehman.

The sleighing was good and we had a genuine old-fashioned Christmas--the first in many years.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hoag, of Detroit, spent a few days here with relatives and friends the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wiparis left last week for Chile, where they will resume their work in the mission schools.

Mrs. Anthony Breitenbach, of Ontonagon, who has spent the past few months here with relatives, returned home Wednesday.

Dangerous counterfeit half dollars are in circulation. They are dated 1885 and are a good imitation of the genuine except that their ring is poor.

Two weeks ago Eugene McIntee, of Munith, lost a 10-cent piece through a crack in the steps of his house. Sunday he killed a rooster, in the crop of which was found the missing dime.

The silver pitcher, valued at \$10 and donated by Mr. John Farrell to St. Mary's Festival, was won by Arthur Fallen, of Lyndon, No. 31. Luke Reilly drew the handsome quilt given by the ladies, No. 120.

Dr. William Stapish, of Anderson, Ind., who has been the guest of his mother during the holidays, left for home last Tuesday evening. Dr. Stapish is doing admirably in his profession, and is building up a lucrative practice.

The high head which Cassius Hudler, of Waterloo, carries is not due to an overcheck, but to a boy baby, the first he has ever had, although his house is all cluttered up with girls. He has eight of 'em, and until this little rooster came along, expected to go down to his grave a broken-hearted man.--Grass Lake News.

The Y. O. G. or Youths of Glee Club, composed of members of the class of '98 of the Chelsea High School, was recently organized at the residence of Master Frank Fenn. The object of the club is the literary and social improvement of the members. The class color is green, and the motto "Otium cum dignitate," or "Ease with dignity." The membership is steadily growing. Meetings are held at the homes of the members every three weeks.

It is a fact that the feet of American women are growing larger! Devotion to athletic exercises is the cause, and some one is daring enough to say that the dainty, delicate little Cinderella feet that find ample room in No. 1 and 2 slippers will be unknown 20 years from now. Any exercise that keeps one on the feet for a great length of time will surely broaden and flatten the foot, and a year's steady course in a gymnasium will show a remarkable increase in the size of the feet.

The first day (calends) of January, as marking the beginning of the year, was observed as a public holiday in Rome from at least the time of the Julian reformation of the calendar. Ovid alludes to the abstinence from litigation and strife, the smoking altars, the white-robed processions to the capitol; and later writers describe the exchanges of visits, the giving and receiving of presents (strenae), the masquerading, and the feasting with which the day was in their time celebrated throughout the empire. Libanius (c. 346 A. D.) speaks of it as being in his day the one great holiday common to all under the Roman rule. When, about the fifth century, the 25th of December had gradually become a fixed festival commemorative of the nativity, the 1st of January ultimately also assumed a specially sacred character as the octave of Christmas day and as the anniversary of the circumcision of our Lord, and as such it still figures in the calendars of the various branches of the eastern and of the western church, though only as a feast of subordinate importance.

Lima Beans.

John Barth is quite ill and his recovery is doubtful.

Mrs. N. E. Freer is spending the holidays with friends in Lima.

Miss Irma Smith, teacher in the Wade district, is spending the holidays with her parents at Cadillac.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Beach are staying on their farm in Lima during the absence of their daughter-in-law.

Frank McMillen and wife have been entertaining relatives from Detroit and Wilmington, Delaware.

Ed Beach spent Christmas at Mr. Clemens, where his wife is stopping for a few weeks. We are glad to state that she is improving.

North Lake Broom.

News reached here Saturday of the illness of Mrs. Wm. Cooper, of Mt. Clemens.

Mrs. Johnson, of Dexter, who was a visitor here last week, has returned home.

With the singing school and lyceum it keeps the young folks on the whirl now-days.

Mrs. E. J. Whalain and children are visiting Mr. R. S. Whalain's, accompanied by Mrs. Whalain's brother.

A family gathering at the home of your scribe as usual on Christmas, all being present but the ones in Dakota and S. A. Mapes, of Chelsea.

Mahlan Glenn and family are here from Dakota visiting friends and relatives for two months. They look well and happy, and speak well of Dakota.

Christmas has passed pleasantly here, with a Christmas tree at the church, where all were remembered with gifts. The tree was beautifully lighted up with wax tapers. Just as the exercises came to the right point "Old Santa" was heard coming from the west, with bells jingling. Bustling in at the door, he soon made himself very welcome by passing out the presents to the little folks. The one most prized was a little pug pup, alive and kicking. Its little owner was the happiest child in the church. Our minister was present and made appropriate remarks. He was remembered, an envelope containing a sum of "free silver" falling to his lot--not enough to be burdensome. Altogether it was a very pleasant time for young and old. The program, though lengthy, was rendered without a blunder by any one. May we all enjoy many more such.

What to Eat.

The carpenter, hardback; the watch-maker, minute pudding; the printer, pi; the wheelman, meets; the upholsterer, stuffing; the plumber, long-billed snipe; the blacksmith, hammered steak; the banker, golden pheasant; the balloonist, angel food; the clown, capers; the glove-maker, lady fingers; the shoemaker, soles; the political speaker, his own words; the bumner, swallows; the oarsman, crabs; the tramp, any old thing.--Up to Date.

Amusements for Children.

Children's parties are pleasant affairs, provided they are kept within reasonable hours, and when the refreshments are of such a nature as not to cause harmful effects. Fruits are wholesome eating for children, and so are light cakes, jellies, blanc mange, stewed fruits, custards and a small allowance of pure candies. From 3 to 6 or 4 to 7 are suitable hours for very young children, and from 6 to 10 for those somewhat older. Games in which all the children can join are ever a pleasant feature of children's parties. When they tire of this, a magic lantern show or a Punch and Judy entertainment will prove most acceptable and enjoyable. The invitations to the parties may be written by the mother of the children who are to give the party, or the boys and girls themselves may write them if they are large enough and can write legibly.

For Rent.

The Lutheran Parsonage on Summit street. Apply to Israel Vogel or Jac. Hepfer, Chelsea.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Glazier & Stimson's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.



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OLD YEAR AND NEW.



A H. WE have been true friends for many a day. No matter whether skies were grave or gay—

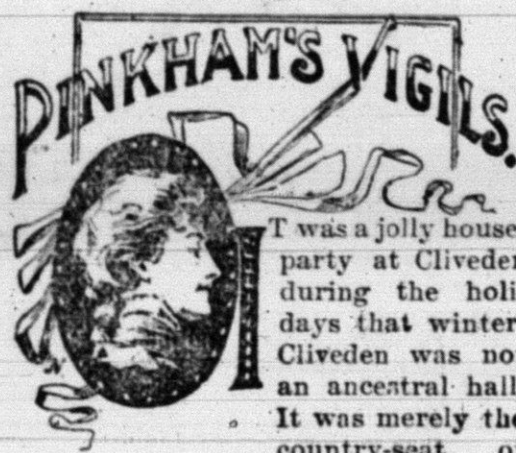
The old, old year and I. Now, in the hush of midnight, silently it comes and softly whispers unto me: "Good-by, good-by."

Old year, so many blessings you have brought:
So many glad, sweet lessons you have taught;
And yet so much of pain!
Days, both of joy and grief, you gave to me—
Sweet songs of interwoven harmony.
With many a minor strain.

Old year, could I recall so many a day
You gladly gave, would I not haste to say
Sweet words I left unsaid!
But what avails it now that I should weep?
Since those they would have gladdened are
asleep
In cities of the dead!

Old year, I will be strong; I will not grieve;
But in the silence of the past will leave
Every regret and tear;
And, looking upward, trustfully will say:
God give me strength and hope for every day
Within the glad new year.

For ere the shadows of the night are flown;
Before me stands a hopeful, radiant one—
So I both smile and sigh
While welcoming the year so glad and new;
And, looking backward, whisper unto you:
"Old year, good-by, good-by."
—Alice J. Cleator, in Housekeeper.



Joshua Warren, capitalist, who had built it just three years previously, and it owned neither a ghost nor a gallery of solemn-visaged ancestors. As a matter of fact, Mr. Warren, albeit a quiet man, and one not given to boasting, was rather proud of the fact that he had neither a pedigree nor a family skeleton to keep him awake nights. His principal desire, now that he had made his fortune, was to enjoy life and to make those about him happy without worrying his head about genealogical trees or ways and means of forcing himself into the "upper ten." On these points his wife and their only daughter, Madge, agreed with him—and being agreed, they succeeded in making the most of life. They were jolly entertainers, and always had a houseful, more or less, of company, usually a lot of young people, whom they preferred as being more likely to make things lively; and during these particular holidays they were housing at least a dozen young folks, on account of Madge, who was to be married in the middle of January to Will Braden.

There were all kinds of jolly times during that closing fortnight of the old year. The sleighing was faultless, there were lots of social festivities at Cliveden and neighboring houses, and there was every opportunity in the world to drive dull care away—yet Will Braden, despite his approaching marriage with quite the sweetest girl in the world, was unhappy. Not all the time; for occasionally Madge would devote to him an entire five minutes, all at once, thereby filling him with ecstasy—after which, alas! she would neglect him for hours together to attend to her duties as hostess, whereupon he was plunged into despair, and became gloomy and sullen, much to the amusement of all the rest, who called him "Hamlet," behind his back, and cracked jokes about "green-eyed monsters," and so on, to the mystification of Mrs. Warren, who earnestly insisted that "poor, dear Willie's" eyes were not green, but hazel.

But there was no doubt that Will was jealous, just as most young men are likely to be when the attentions of the adored one are demanded in other quarters, even though by the laws of hospitality. He told himself he didn't mind it, but he did. What galled him particularly was the presence of that pedigreed prig from Philadelphia, Mr. Martindale, whom he had long suspected of a sneaking affection for Madge, who, by the way, was particularly pleasant to him, not to say somewhat confidential with him. For, at least a half dozen times, Will had seen them, apart from the rest, talking in guarded tones about something or other, and at these times both had looked very serious. It was getting past endurance, decided Mr. Braden, and he proposed to put a stop to it. So when they returned from their sleighing party, on New Year's eve, he drew Madge, who had seemed to be flirting desperately all the evening with Martindale, into a recess in the hall, where he proceeded to protest with much vigor against the treatment accorded him.

Madge laughed merrily, then pretended to be offended. "Don't be an

idiot, Will," she said, sharply. "I think I know what I'm about."
"You know nothing of the sort, or else you don't care!" declared Will, with some heat. "It seems to me I am entitled to some consideration, instead of which you do your best to make me feel badly and to make a laughing-stock of me. Darling," he went on, more gently, "this is the last year of our single lives. Can't we watch it out and the new one in just by ourselves, since the New Year means so much to us both?"

Madge was touched, but for some inscrutable reason did not choose to let him see it just then. "Don't be a 'spoon,' Will," she answered, pettishly. "We're all our lives to be 'spooned' in, and, besides, I have other obligations." She turned and left him, regardless of the pleading, reproachful eyes that she knew were following her, and for the rest of the evening she hardly noticed him at all. Indeed, he kept out of the way as much as possible, for all this merriment was to him, in his present mood, gall and wormwood.

He had just returned from a lonely smoke in the library, and, somewhat soothed, was returning to join the others, who were gathering about the big fireplace in what good Mrs. Warren designated as the "sittin'-room," to observe that time-honored custom of watching the Old Year out and the New Year in. He told himself, sentimentally, that he would quietly take a seat at Madge's side, gain surreptitious possession of her hand, and thus they would enter upon the New Year together.

But Madge was not in the group about the fireplace, nor was she in the room; and, even as he looked, the offensively handsome and aristocratic Martindale rose quietly and made his exit through the other door. For a moment Braden stood dazed—then, with jealous intuition he turned and made his way to the conservatory, and there, not ten feet from the door, he recognized the figure of Martindale. But the latter did not see nor hear the eavesdropper. He was busy kissing the



"WE HAVE ALL OUR LIVES TO BE SPOONEY."

willing lips of some one in feminine attire whose face could not be seen, but whose dress and figure, in the dim light, looked only too familiar to poor Braden. Utterly crushed, the latter turned silently and hastened up to his room.

"Where's Will?" some one asked, suddenly, when New Year's greetings had been exchanged and the merriment had subsided to some extent. No one present had seen him, and Mr. Warren interrogated the servants.

"No, sir, 'e hain't in 'is room, sir, Mr. Braden hain't," said Alfred, the butler. "H saw 'im go hout the front door habout a hour ago, sir. Yes, sir, 'e 'ad 'is 'at an' coat on, sir."

It seemed very strange, indeed, until Mr. Warren, who had gone to his study for a good-night smoke, found on his desk a note from Will. In it the young man begged forgiveness for thus abruptly taking his departure, intimating that Madge would doubtless explain and requested that his luggage be forwarded to him at Philadelphia. That was all.

"The young scoundrel!" stormed Papa Warren, as, at a most unseemly hour, he prepared to retire, "to go off like that when—confound it! I suppose my poor little girl will cry her eyes out, but she's well rid of him, just the same!" Which is a way parents have of trying to console themselves in such cases.

Near the end of the one street in a little western prairie town stood a tiny one-story frame building containing two rooms. In front of it two weather-beaten tin "shingles" swung and rat-

tled in the winter winds, making doleful music for the occupants of the "shack" to listen to in bad weather. On one of these signs was painted: "W. A. Braden, J. P." and on the other "John Pinkham, Constable."

It was a bleak December afternoon, rapidly merging into dusk, when Mr. John Pinkham emerged from the heat and tobacco smoke of the stuffy little office into the frosty outside air. He was a ruddy, corpulent man, with good-humored eyes and a ready laugh that could, it was claimed, be heard all over the township. But this evening he looked serious and neglected to whistle, as usual, on his way up the street.

He walked into the office of the "hotel," and with a profound sigh seated himself by the fire, all by himself. Presently Birch Hunter, the landlord, entered with a supply of firewood.

"Hello, John!"
"Hello, Birch!"
Hunter busied himself about the stove for a few minutes, then locked up suddenly and asked:

"Comin' up t' th' New Year's ball, I reckon, John?"

Pinkham shook his head and sighed, ponderously: "Nope. I got t' keep wigil ag'in t'-night."

Hunter nodded understandingly. "Jedge havin' one o' his spells?"

"Yep. Wuss'n ever, this time. Even tells me, awhile ago, he wisht' I'd git out an' leave 'im alone."

"I'd do it, then," said the landlord, warmly. "Tain't right fr' you t' give up all these yere, New Year's goin's on jes' t' watch him."

Pinkham shook his head again. "I got a charge t' keep," he quoted, somewhat uncertainly. "Fr' three s'cedin' year, Birch, I've kep' this yere New Year's vigil t' keep th' jedge fr'm doin' 'isselt any harm in one o' them blue spells; an' I propose to keep them wigils jes' 's long 's 'e has them spells."

Hunter shook his head deprecatingly. He could not understand why John should give up his enjoyment of the season to watch another who had annual "blue spells." "Ef 'e wants t' git away

near the track, to be cared for, while the rest went to the Hotel Hunter.

Will Braden, stalking gloomily up and down the floor of the room occupied jointly by himself and Pinkham, heard not a sound, until the door was suddenly thrown open and Pinkham and some one else entered, supporting an elderly man who had been cut about the head. Behind them came two or three other persons, and one of these, a pretty young woman, halted just at the threshold with a wild cry:

"Will!"

"Madge!"

Then she fainted in his arms, and all was confusion for a time.

"Tell ye what," chuckled John Pinkham to his crony, Hunter, as they sat by the stove in the hotel office the next night recounting the events of the previous evening, "but ye jest ought t' see how chirped up th' jedge is! Say, 'twas better'n a play. In we comes, carryin' th' ol' gent, th' gyurl an' 'er ma right behind, an' th' jedge turns on us all of a sudden like 'e'd bite our heads off. Then th' gyurl an' him both screeches, an' she falls over onto 'is neck like she was there t' stay—an' she is 'so t' speak."

"Ye see, it was girl-trouble, jest like I allus allowed. Th' jedge, he was jealous, an' 'one night, when he thinks 'e sees another feller makin' love to 'er, he up an' slides, 'thout sayin' a word. Come to find out, twas 'er cousin th' feller was makin' love to, an' they gits married later. Wa-al," he concluded, in a contented voice, "I'm glad them wigils is over, an' I c'n go an' shake a foot wi' th' rest of ye next year. Them wigils o' mine was a sore trial, Birch, a sore trial."

Down at the little shack Will and Madge, hand in hand, with the old folks looking on approvingly, had kept their own New Year vigil, just as they had expected to do on that night gone by.

LESTER KETCHUM.

Nice for the King.

Henry III., of France, delighted in New Year's presents. On one occasion he issued an edict about the 1st of December that every city and town in the realm should send him a New Year's present, and was kind enough to intimate that cash was preferable to any other form of gift, and he even went so far as to indicate the amount that he would be pleased to receive from each city. The presents were promptly forthcoming, every leading city in France sent a delegation with a speech signifying the pleasure of the citizens at being permitted to testify their love and reverence for their sovereign.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A New Year's Prayer.

I know a little temple,
Its walls are dim and low,
Yet up and down its darkened aisles
The blessed angels go.

And he who keeps the temple
Should pray to God to-night,
That Faith may light the altar flame,
And Hope may keep it bright;

That love may bring the sacrifice
Which Love delights to give,
And all the angels innocent
May tarry there to live.

And may no evil spirit
Have in its place or part,
What is this temple beautiful?
The temple of the heart.
—Ola Moore, in Youth's Companion.

A Curious Superstition.

In Scotland there is a superstition that the complexion of the first caller on New Year's day indicates the good or ill-fortune to befall the house during the following year. If the caller is a blonde, the indication is favorable for good luck; if a brunette, the contrary. So much confidence is placed in the indication by some persons that families have been known to have a blonde ready at the door to walk in the moment after the clock strikes 12.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

WHY HE LIKED THE PRACTICE.



"It's too bad," said Willie Wishington, "that the good old custom of making calls on New Year's day is slowly but surely dying out."

"Do you like the practice?"
"Ver' much. When you can't think of anything else, you can say: 'Happy New Year,' and it's the only time when I evah feel weally at home as a conversationalist."—Washington Star.

The Cynic.

"Our statesmen," yelled the orator, "are about to take steps—"
"You bet, they'll take 'em," cried the professional cynic, "if they ain't nailed down."—Indianapolis Journal.

BIG FIRM FAILS.

Norton & Co., Millers and Grain Dealers of Chicago and Lockport, Ill., Chicago, Dec. 28.—Norton & Co., of Chicago and Lockport, Ill., millers and receiver late Saturday afternoon. The affairs of the firm were in such shape that it was impossible to learn definitely what the assets and liabilities are. It was represented that the assets might approach \$500,000, and it was stated that the liabilities were considerably under that figure. Norton & Co. have been known for 40 years through their operation of the Lockport mill. They added other enterprises to their early business, and in addition to their flouring mill they have grain elevators and an electric light plant at Lockport. They have also a large grocery store at Romeo, on the Illinois & Michigan canal, and in Chicago a large flouring establishment. The company also owns a paper mill at Niagara Falls and is largely interested in the water and electric power scheme at the falls. They have done a private banking business of enormous proportions in Lockport, and nearly half of the Lockport population is directly interested through deposits. The business integrity of the company has never been questioned here, and the failure is a gloomy surprise. However, assurance is given that the embarrassment is only temporary. The company was caught deep by the failure of the National Bank of Illinois, and finding themselves thus unable to continue the operation of their extensive properties and meet the demands of depositors until they could realize from other sources a receiver was applied for as the most safe and equitable mode of adjusting the financial difficulties.

HIS TERM REDUCED.

Sanguily, American suspect in Havana, Given Eight Years in Prison.

Havana, Dec. 28.—The reunited tribunal which judged the proceedings against Julio Sanguily, a naturalized American citizen charged with conspiracy against the Spanish government, met Saturday for the first time after an adjournment for the Christmas holidays. The judges decided that Sanguily was guilty of a modified qualification of the crime of which he was accused and sentenced him to eight years' and one day imprisonment.

Sanguily was arrested with 30 others, including many members of well-known families of Havana, and confined in Morro castle. An attempt was made to try him by court-martial, but through the efforts of Consul Ramon O. Williams Sanguily's American citizenship was established and he was given a civil trial, which resulted in his sentence to life imprisonment at hard labor in the mines of Ceuta, Africa. The case was appealed to the supreme court at Madrid. The grounds upon which the United States government intervened in his behalf were that his trial by a military tribunal did not accord with the terms of the Spanish-American treaty, and he was granted a new trial by the supreme court, resulting as above announced. It is extremely probable that another appeal will be made to the higher courts, the defense during the proceedings having vainly urged that the tribunal was illegally constituted, since six judges should have presided, and not five.

PUNISHING STRIKERS.

Boston Street Railway Officials Refuse to Take Back Leaders of the Union.

Boston, Dec. 28.—There is much indignation among the street railway conductors and motormen who participated in the tie-up of the West End street railway over the manner in which the officials of the road have discharged the men who were requested to take out cars on Thursday. According to union officials, every member of the conference committee, every officer in the union and 800 of the rank and file have been refused reinstatement, and many more dismissals are expected before the end is reached. So great has the indignation become that a public mass-meeting has been called for to-night in Faneuil hall, to which a number of prominent clergymen, college professors and business men have been invited.

The headquarters of the union were filled Sunday with a crowd of angry men, who, smarting under the defeat they had sustained and loss of employment, made accusations of "selling out" and "treachery" against the leaders, denouncing all the union officials for the manner in which the strike was handled. The men are at the mercy of President Little and his officials, and there is slight hope of their reinstatement. Many of the men have large families, and being out of work in mid-winter means a great hardship.

BIG FAILURE AT DALLAS.

Security Mortgage and Trust Company Goes Under.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 28.—The board of directors of the Security Mortgage & Trust company, a local financial concern, has made application to Judge W. J. Smith, of the Fourteenth judicial district court, for the appointment of a receiver. The court appointed H. A. Kabler, for four years past the manager of the Security Mortgage & Trust company, as receiver. The liabilities of the company are approximately \$2,000,000, assets, nominally the same, but they will not probably realize more than \$1,000,000 in the market. The company has been doing business for some years.

PLUNGE OF A TRAIN.

It Goes Through a Trestle on an Alabama Railway.

The Disaster Caused by Wreckers Who, It Is Said, Rob Dead and Wounded—Twenty-Eight Persons Killed; Ten Hurt.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 28.—One of the most disastrous wrecks in the history of southern railroads happened 36 miles south of here Sunday morning at 7:50 o'clock, in which 28 persons were killed outright and ten others injured, two of whom will die. The ill-fated train was a Louisville & Nashville one, which runs from here to Blocton, a distance of 40 miles. The train left here at 5:30 a. m. in charge of Engineer Frank White and Conductor A. P. Connell. Four miles north of Blocton the entire train, made up of an engine, baggage and two passenger coaches, crashed through a bridge 200 feet long and 120 feet high into the Cahaba river.

It is the belief that the wreck was caused by fiends for the purpose of robbery. A rail had been removed from the track, and when the engine struck this 200 feet of the bridge gave way and went down with the train. Immediately the wreck took fire, the water being only about three feet deep, and before sufficient help could be secured the unfortunate passengers and trainmen who were pinioned under the debris were burned to death in sight of other unfortunate victims of the disaster. Some of the passengers not so badly hurt managed to crawl out and do all they could in assisting the others, but with little avail. The dead are:

Frank White, engineer, of Birmingham; George Carney, fireman, of Birmingham; A. P. Connell, conductor, of Birmingham; Tom Streeter, colored porter, of Birmingham; Jordan Powell, wife and eight children, of Blocton; Mrs. Henry Hanberry and two children, of Birmingham; James B. Phillips, of Blocton; S. W. Tibbs and wife, of Campbelltown; Andrew Bryson, of Blocton; George Glendall, Helena; four others unidentified.

The injured are: Ed Echols, slightly; Henry Hanbury, ribs broken; Powell child, feet badly burned; Mrs. Walker, of Blocton, internally, will die; Mrs. Walker's three children, slightly; Miss Booth, of Blocton, internally, will die; Stan Stewart, arm broken.

The engine fell at right angles to the line of the bridge, with the cars piled on top of it and around it. Engineer White was found with his charred and still grasping the throttle.

The only one of the train crew that escaped with his life from the wreck was the colored fireman, Sam Spencer. He jumped from the engine while it was in midair, and, falling into the river, escaped almost by a miracle with only a broken arm. Wild with fright, he fled for the nearest station to give the alarm, but ere he reached there a farmer passing saw the condition of affairs and went to a telegraph station with his horse at full speed. Wires were sent to Birmingham and a relief train went to the scene, but ere it reached there the flames had done all of their work.

As soon as the news was received here both the Louisville & Nashville and Southern railways sent out relief trains loaded with physicians and others, and everything possible was done for those who had been fortunate enough to get away from the reach of the flames which quickly consumed all of the coaches and a part of the bridge. Many of the dead were charred completely beyond recognition. The exact number who perished will never be known, but it is believed it will reach 35. The train contained men, women and children living at the mines who had gone to Birmingham to spend Christmas and were returning home.

Physicians who have returned from the scene say that the sight when the first relief train arrived was shocking beyond description. There were red-hot stoves in all the cars, and no sooner had the wreck occurred than the debris took fire. Soon the entire mass was in a blaze, and it burned to the water's edge, the water not being over three or four feet deep. It is reckoned that most of those killed met death before the fire reached them, though the survivors say that several who were injured and pinned down were burned to death, as they could hear the piteous appeals for help. Those few who were not killed and were able to release themselves from the wreckage were so badly injured that they could render but little aid to those less fortunate.

Dr. Ray, a Blocton physician, who attended Gardner, one of the survivors, telegraphs the statement made by Gardner as to the cause of the wreck. Gardner says when he felt the cars leave the track he looked out and saw three savage-looking men rushing from a hiding place down toward the water's edge, and that after the wreck they went through the wreckage, robbing the dead and wounded, and then fled to the woods. They did their work quickly, and offered no assistance whatever in the way of rescuing the imprisoned and injured passengers. This story, however, has not yet been corroborated, but other facts tend to show that it was the work of train wreckers.

On the approaches of the same bridge Sunday afternoon another fatal accident occurred. A bridge carpenter was killed and several persons were injured by a collision between an engine and one of the wrecked trains sent to the rescue of the victims of the first accident.

ANOTHER BANK QUILTS.

Atlas National, of Chicago, to Close Up Its Affairs.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—The Atlas national bank of Chicago has decided to retire from business, and the clearing house committee, at a special meeting Sunday night decided that the associated banks of the city would advance the amount needed to pay its depositors in full. The amount required is in the neighborhood of \$600,000. The bank will not receive any deposits from date. Checks on it will be settled through the clearing house as usual. The meeting was held at the home of Isaac G. Lombard, a member of the committee, about 11 o'clock Sunday night. The officers of the Atlas national are: President, W. C. D. Grannis; vice president, C. F. Farwell; cashier, S. W. Stone; assistant cashier, W. S. Tillotson.

The bank was organized in 1887, many of its incorporators being officers of the Union national bank. Its capital stock is \$700,000. Mr. Grannis has been president from the start. It is given out that during the past few years newer and more pushing institutions have been taking business away from the Atlas and that as a result of the defections over \$2,500,000 in deposits have been withdrawn from the bank, most of it during the past six months. Mr. Grannis is an old man and decided some time ago to go out of business. The bank is believed to be perfectly solvent as the action of the clearing house committee indicates.

The report of the condition of the Atlas national at the close of business December 17 is as follows: Resources; Loans and discounts, \$1,941,742.59; over drafts, \$7,630.47; United States and other bonds, \$59,384; premium on bonds, \$3,250; real estate, furniture and fixtures, \$57,177.81; redemption fund, \$2,250; cash and sight exchange, \$920,638.52—a total of \$2,892,063.39.

Liabilities: Capital stock, \$700,000; surplus fund, \$140,000; undivided profits, \$49,031.23; circulation, \$42,620; bills payable, \$100,000; deposits, \$1,863,412—a total of \$2,892,063.39.

Appleton, Wis., Dec. 28.—The Atlas National bank of Chicago filed a first mortgage here Saturday covering the entire plant of the combined Locks Paper company. The amount is \$300,000 to secure 15-year gold bonds. William Van Nortwick, the president, is a banker and paper manufacturer at Batavia, Ill., and a director in the Atlas National bank of Chicago.

RUIN BRINGS DEATH.

Suicide of Otto Wasmansdorff, Head of a Defunct Chicago Banking Firm.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Otto Wasmansdorff, of the banking firm of Wasmansdorff & Heineemann, which failed here last Monday as a result of the collapse of the National Bank of Illinois, committed suicide at his home, 549 Cleveland avenue, Sunday morning by shooting himself in the right temple with a revolver. The constant worry and mental anxiety of the past week consequent upon the failure is believed to have been the cause. He had scarcely slept during that time, and although it is generally believed that the bank will discharge its obligations in full Mr. Wasmansdorff saw that his standing in financial circles had been imperiled. The banker was an emotional German, and his anxiety the past week was pitiable. Insomnia resulted from his troubles, and it is thought his mind may have been temporarily deranged. He remained in the house all morning, after passing a sleepless night. Shortly before 11 o'clock he was romping with his little grandchild in the sitting room. Mrs. Wasmansdorff left them there for a few minutes, but when she returned the child was alone. She inquired for her husband, and the little girl said he had gone upstairs. The baby was sent after him and discovered his body in a front bedroom lying across the bed. Blood was oozing from an ugly wound in the right temple and a revolver was lying near his right hand. Nobody heard the report of the discharged weapon. Two doctors were sent for, but all they were called upon to do was to pronounce the banker dead. Otto Wasmansdorff was born in Fien-erode, near Magdeburg, Prussia, November 9, 1840. He came to America in 1863 and has been a resident of Chicago ever since.

NONE OF OUR BUSINESS.

Spanish Premier Don't Want Our Aid in Pacifying Cuba.

London, Dec. 28.—A dispatch from Madrid to the Central News says that Senor Canovas del Castillo, the prime minister, denies that negotiations have been or will be opened with the United States looking to the pacification of Cuba. The prime minister holds that the Cuban question is one of internal politics which in no wise concerns the United States or any other foreign power, and he is still confident that Spain is fully able to suppress the insurrection in Cuba without asking for or accepting the good offices of any government to secure that end.

New Cable Completed.

Berlin, Dec. 28.—The marine cable has been completed from Emden, Prussia, to Vigo, Spain, which links the German telegraphic system with the South American and other systems. Capital has been furnished by an Anglo-German syndicate for the construction of the first section of a submarine cable between Germany and the United States via the Azores.

AMONG THE DEAD OF THE YEAR.

These Prominent Men All Died of that Great Modern Curse—Bright's Disease.



PROF. ABBOTT.



M. B. BRADY.



COL. T. W. KNOX.



M. M. POMEROY.



EX-GOV. GREENHALGE.



EDWIN PARDRIDGE.

The year just closed has furnished an alarming array of prominent men who have died of Bright's disease of the kidneys. The number includes Professor Austin Abbott, the great jurist and author of law books; M. B. Brady, the famous photographer; Col. Thos. W. Knox, the author of the "Boy Travellers"; Mark M. Pomeroy, the well-known editor; Mr. Edwin Pardridge, the prominent Chicago merchant; and ex-Governor Greenhalge, of Massachusetts.

If "death loves a shining mark," it is also certain that Bright's disease finds its victims among the prominent as well as among the millions of people who are suffering with it to-day, and yet do not realize this serious fact.

There are men and women in every portion of America who feel out of sorts and who do not realize what it is that affects them. They may have peculiar pains in various parts of the body, strangeness of taste in the mouth, pains in the back and about the loins, and a general irregularity of the system.

These things mean Bright's Disease in some one of its various stages, and no man or woman is safe who has them. This terrible disease was once considered incurable. Eminent doctors so declared, but constant scientific and chemical experiments resulted in a discovery, which is an absolute cure for Bright's disease, even in its advanced stages. It is the one and only known remedy for this terrible complaint; its name is Warner's Safe Cure. It is simply marvelous how many people are to-day kept in perfect health and strength through its use. It has a pleasing, soothing and quieting effect upon the kidneys and all adjacent organs. It relieves promptly, puts the system in a condition of health, and substitutes happiness for misery. Testimonials of its great power could be furnished by the thousands, but all intelligent men and women, as well as the medical profession, know its great power and the grand work it is doing in the world.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Pils's Cure.—RALPH ERIOE, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 24, 1893.

The best of us owe more to chance than we are willing to admit.

Dull, gnawing pain—neuralgia. Prompt, soothing cure—St. Jacobs Oil.

THE MARKETS.

	New York, Dec. 28.
LIVE STOCK.....	\$4 10 @ 4 50
Sheep.....	2 10 @ 2 75
Hogs.....	3 50 @ 3 80
FLOUR—Minnesota patents.....	4 45 @ 4 65
Minnesota Patents.....	4 40 @ 4 60
WHEAT—No. 2 Red, May.....	87 1/2 @ 87 1/2
No. 1 Hard.....	85 1/2 @ 85 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	29 1/2 @ 29 1/2
May.....	31 1/2 @ 31 1/2
Oats—Western.....	20 @ 21
PORK—Mess.....	14 @ 15
BUTTER—Creamery.....	7 @ 12
Factory.....	20 @ 22
EGGS.....	20 @ 22
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Reeves.....	3 50 @ 5 15
Stocks and Feeders.....	2 75 @ 3 30
Cows and Bulls.....	1 50 @ 2 30
Texas Steers.....	2 75 @ 4 35
HOGS—Light.....	3 90 @ 3 50
Rough Packing.....	3 05 @ 3 10
SHEEP.....	2 25 @ 3 50
BUTTER.....	15 @ 21
Dairy.....	10 @ 17
EGGS—Fresh.....	18 @ 20
POTATOES (per bu.).....	17 @ 28
LARD—January.....	32 1/2 @ 3 80
FLOUR—Winter.....	1 75 @ 4 45
Spring.....	1 50 @ 4 50
GRAIN—Wheat, December.....	78 1/2 @ 79 1/2
Corn, May.....	25 1/2 @ 25 1/2
Oats, May.....	21 1/2 @ 21 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	37 @ 37 1/2
Barley, Choice to Fancy.....	32 @ 35
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring.....	79 @ 79 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	23 @ 22 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White.....	18 @ 18 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	39 1/2 @ 39 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	24 @ 34 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	6 70 @ 6 75
LARD.....	3 70 @ 3 75
DETROIT.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red.....	91 1/2 @ 92
Corn, No. 2.....	21 @ 21 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White.....	21 1/2 @ 21 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	37 @ 37 1/2
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4 00 @ 4 60
Texas.....	2 40 @ 2 60
HOGS.....	2 90 @ 3 35
SHEEP.....	2 45 @ 4 20
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	3 10 @ 4 35
Cows.....	1 50 @ 3 50
Feeders.....	3 10 @ 3 35
HOGS.....	2 10 @ 3 37 1/2
SHEEP.....	2 90 @ 3 45

The Blue and the Gray.

Both men and women are apt to feel a little blue, when the gray hairs begin to show. It's a very natural feeling. In the normal condition of things gray hairs belong to advanced age. They have no business whitening the head of man or woman, who has not begun to go down the slope of life. As a matter of fact, the hair turns gray regardless of age, or of life's seasons; sometimes it is whitened by sickness, but more often from lack of care. When the hair fades or turns gray there's no need to resort to hair dyes. The normal color of the hair is restored and retained by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Ayer's Curebook. "A story of cures told by the cured." 100 pages, free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Get A Move On



THAT Listless, Aimless, Dull, Lack-Lustre feeling of yours shows that your internal machinery is running too slowly. LIVER IS LAZY BOWELS are languid BLOOD is sluggish

Get a move on without delay, or you'll be a very sick person. Cascarets Candy Cathartics make your liver lively, your bowels regular, your blood pure, move your machinery. Buy a box to-day, any drug store, soc., apc., soc., or mailed for price. Write for booklet and free sample.

CANDY CATHARTIC CURE CHRONIC CONSTIPATION.

ADDRESS: STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, CHICAGO; MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK.

A Year of 13 Months.

The following is from the Scientific American: It is suggested that on January 1, 1900, a new division of the year into 13 months be instituted. If such a division were made, the first 12 months would have 28 days or four weeks each and the new month 29 days, to make 365, and 00 in leap years. After a few days there would be no need to refer to calendars, as the same day of the week would have the same date through the year. If January 1st were, say Monday, every Monday would be the 1st, 8th, 15th and 22d; every Tuesday the 2d, 9th, 16th and 23d, and so on through the year. The changes of the moon would be on about the same dates through the year, and many calculations, like interest, dates of maturing notes, Easter and many other important dates would be simplified. Although the present generation would have to figure new dates for birthdays, and all legal holidays except New Year would be on different dates, yet the gain would be more than the loss, as that would be permanent and the objections trifling.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 25, 1896.—It may be that it is Christmas that has caused white-winged peace to suddenly cover the war bomb which seemed about to explode a few days ago, and that when Congress reconvenes we shall again hear the bugle call to arms for a war with Spain, in connection with the resolution for the independence of Cuba that was reported to the Senate the day before the holiday adjournment. But it is considered more likely that the Senate will put in all its spare time fighting the claim made by Secretary Olney and endorsed by President Cleveland, that the right to recognize a new state or nation is by the constitution conferred upon the President alone. This claim has raised a very important question. It cannot be considered political, in a party sense, as the ablest lawyers, regardless of party, both in and out of Congress, are divided in opinion as to the rightfulness of the claim. The matter is being very carefully studied, especially by the Senators who pride themselves on their knowledge of constitutional law. At first glance the claim of Secretary Olney seems preposterous, but more than one lawyer who started out to show its unconstitutionality has stopped in doubt and almost ready to confess that the precedents seem to be on Mr. Olney's side. It will probably sooner or later get before the United States Supreme Court, but before then some very learned speeches on the subject may be expected in Congress. Secretary Olney may be right, but if he is there are a great many people who think the constitution is wrong and that it should be amended.

It is not considered certain by any means that the resolution for the independence of Cuba will be adopted by the Senate. Senator Hale, who will lead the opposition to it, says he is confident of defeating it, and gives the following among other reasons for that confidence: "We have just gone through a campaign in which we have promised peace to the country. Is it consistent to present the incoming administration with a war on the threshold of its existence? True, there is an undesirable condition of affairs in Cuba, but I believe the reports are exaggerated. At any rate, it is true that however cruel the conduct of the Spaniards, it finds its counterpart in the behavior of the Cubans. It is their way of fighting; they are different from us. From whatever standpoint the question is regarded, there is no excuse in reason or precedent for the United States to interfere in this insurrection. I believe the Senate is coming to realize this, and am, therefore, confident of success in the end." Even should the resolution be voted upon and adopted in the Senate, it will never be allowed to get before the House. Speaker Reed is opposed to it.

President Cleveland this week formally recognized a new nation by receiving Dr. Rodriguez as minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary of the greater republic of Central America, recently formed by a combination of Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador.

Parties interested in the tariff hearings which are to begin next week before the House Committee on Ways and Means are already beginning to arrive in Washington for the purpose of doing a little private talking with the individual members of the committee before the public talking begins.

Senator Pettigrew's charge, made on the floor of the Senate an hour or so before adjournment for the Christmas recess, that the men who control the Union Pacific railroad have hatched up a scheme to make that road practically worthless, if the government forecloses its mortgage and takes possession, is attracting much attention and seems to be worrying the railroad lobbyists, who thought they had

plain sailing ahead when the House set aside four days, beginning Jan. 7, for consideration of the Pacific Railroad funding bill. This scheme, according to Mr. Pettigrew, is to get possession of the branch roads which are feeders of the Union Pacific, and upon which the government has no lien, so that if the government takes possession of the Union Pacific road a considerable portion of its traffic can be diverted. It is to be worked through the floating debt of \$9,000,000, which Mr. Pettigrew thinks was created for the purpose. This floating debt is secured by bonds and stocks of the branch lines, and Mr. Pettigrew thinks the best way for the government to protect its own and the interests of those who live along the line of the U. P. is to pay that debt and get those stocks and bonds. His resolution providing therefor was referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroads.

Senator Butler sees no reason why any one should oppose his resolution for the appointment of a committee of three Senators to enquire into the feasibility of applying the principle of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum to the legislation of the federal government. The report of such a committee would interest a great many people.

A Hermit's Prophecy.

Over 40 years ago an old German hermit published in a Bavarian paper a curious prophecy. In it he foretold the Austro-Russian and Franco-German wars, the death of Pope Pius and the Turko-Russian debate at arms. He said that Germany would have three emperors in one year before the end of the century, and indicated the death of two United States presidents by assassination. All these things have come to pass.

In the same article he said that when the 20th century opens great seismic disturbances will take place, which will cause the submergence of New York city and the western half of the city of Havana. Cuba is to break in two, while Florida and lower California are to suffer total extinction. The shock of these earthquakes will raze buildings to the ground in almost every city of the continent; millions of lives and billions of dollars worth of property will be lost.

There is to be a change in economic conditions of almost every civilized nation. He foretells the growth of a democratic spirit in England, which will result in a revolution that will overthrow the present form of government and make the government a republic. He says the last ruler of England will be the best the country ever had, and the first president of the new nation will be one of the royal family. Queen Victoria is by long odds the best ruler England ever had, and in a recent speech the Prince of Wales said it is his desire to see England a republic.

According to the hermit, Russia, France and Italy will form an alliance and will enter war with Turkey. This war is to be the outgrowth of Turkish persecution of Christian subjects. The triple alliance will conquer the domain of the sick man of the East. At the expiration of the war complications will arise which will plunge Italy and France into war with Russia. The result will be the two countries will be gobbled up by the northern power and will cease to exist as independent nations. While war is being waged between them the Pope will remove the seat of Catholicism from Rome to some town in southern Ireland.

A rebellion will take place in the land of the shamrock, in which the country will become independent of England, then a conflict will arise between the ultra-Catholics of the South of Ireland and the ultra-Protestants of the north, in which the south will be the victors. A kingdom will be established, and it is predicted that the reign of the first potentate will become historic for its tyranny.

The prophet paints a dark future for the United States. He says at the close of the century a feeling of unrest will seize the people. This feeling will be the outgrowth of unequal social and economic conditions. He predicts that the 25th president will be the last executive head of the United States. During his administration the discontented masses will break into open rebellion, and the established form of government will be rent asunder, and for a year or more anarchy will prevail. When order shall be brought out of chaos six republics will be formed with capitals at the following cities: San Francisco, Denver, New Orleans, St. Louis, Washington and Boston. —New York Mercury.

Notice.

The undersigned will be at the Town Hall, Lyndon, to receive taxes, on Saturday, Jan. 9, and at Chelsea Savings Bank on Saturday, Jan. 2. This is the last call. Geo. B. Goodwin, Township Treasurer, Lyndon.

Odds and Ends.

A newspaper is the cheapest thing you can buy. It comes to you every week, rain or shine, calm or storm, bringing to you the best news of the neighborhood. No matter what happens, it enters your door a welcome friend, full of sunshine, cheer and interest. It shortens the long summer days and enlivens the cold winter nights. It is your adviser and friend. No man is just to his children and wife who does not give them the home paper to read.

A printer doesn't rush to a doctor every time he is out of "sorts," nor to the baker when he is out of "pie," nor to the woodpile when he wants the "devil," nor to the woodpile when he wants a "stick," nor to the bible when he wants a good "rule," nor to the gun shop when he wants a "shooting-stick," nor to the cabinet shop when he wants "furniture," nor to the bank when he wants "quoins," nor to a girl when he wants a "press," nor to a lawyer when he has a "dirty case," nor to the butcher when he wants "phat."

The Scientific American gives this recipe, which the whole world should know: At the first indication of diphtheria in throat make the room close, then take a tin cup and pour into it an equal quantity of tar and turpentine, then hold the cup over the fire so as to fill the room with fumes. The patient on inhaling the fumes will cough out the membranous matter, and diphtheria will pass off. The fumes of the tar and turpentine loosen the throat and thus afford the relief that has baffled the skill of physicians.

A New Jersey photographer has been taking pictures at night in streets lighted with electricity. Whole blocks with houses and people on the street appear as distinctly as if the photograph were taken in the daytime. Science seems determined to make life unpleasant for the good citizen out for a lark. Experts in highway robbery take snap shots at him on the dark streets and the amateur photographer on the lighted ones. He has the alternative of losing his pocket-book or reputation—or of remaining at home and being good.

Prof. Dubois, of Lyons, has recently given an interesting answer to this question. According to him, sleep may be defined as a kind of intoxication caused by carbonic acid. Experimenting with animals which hibernates in winter, such as the marmot, for instance, he finds that during the progress of hibernation there is an accumulation of carbonic acid in the blood of the unconscious animal. Further study has convinced him that the "winter sleep" of hibernating animals does not differ, as far as its causes are concerned, from the ordinary sleep which, for shorter periods, lulls the senses and restores the strength of all animals, including man.

Venomous serpents are so common in India and so many people die from snake bites that special attention is given to any remedy that affords even a hope of relief. Experiments have recently been tried with calcium chloride, which is administered by injections made with a good deal of force in the openings made by the fangs of the snake. It is said that the calcium chloride acts as a local destroyer. It prevents absorption, causes the surrounding tissues to slough off, and by this means prevents the poison from entering the circulation. To be efficacious, however, the injections must be made at once, and with the utmost thoroughness. It would be worth while for travelers in all snake-infested regions to carry with them the apparatus necessary for the applying of this remedy. Familiarity with its use and promptness in its application might save life which would be sacrificed by delay and the impossibility of obtaining medical attendance.

In the North American Review for September an article was published on the injurious effects of noise upon the health of communities. The author takes the ground that noise is injurious to persons in average health. It interferes with their sleep, and is a source of irritation which eventually affects the nerves, and is likely to cause serious disturbance of nerve centers. Sick people are greatly disturbed by noise. Cases are not uncommon where death has resulted from continuous noise, which medical skill failed to allay. This being the fact, it is of great importance that some measures be taken to suppress unnecessary noise. This can be done if some one can be found who will take hold of the matter in good earnest. What is wanted is a crusade against those shrill and nerve-tearing sounds that are used by many vendors to attract attention to their wares; another set of noises comes from the clatter of wheels and horses' hoofs on the stone pavements. This is said to be unavoidable, and under certain conditions it may be. Corporations are inclined to believe that concrete and asphalt pavements will not stand the strain of heavy trucking necessary in large cities.

Items Cleared from the Lumber District.

People who used to buy tile and lumber of the old-time 500 per centers, and mortgage their farm to pay the bill, will be glad to learn that The Glazier Stove Co. have made a big hole in the old-time prices, by not charging for the holes in the tile.

The best Marblehead Kelley Island lime, 59 cents per barrel, of the Glazier Stove Co.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling good roof boards at \$7.50 per thousand.

Shingles, all grades at prices which make the old-time 500 per center kick and long for a return of the good old days, when 500 per cent (payable in wheat, wool or mortgage) was pocketed with ease.

Water lime, the very best, in bushel bags, 29 cents, of the Glazier Stove Co. What have you been paying for it?

You would never have been compelled to place that mortgage upon your farm if you had always been able to buy lumber, tile, coal and builders' supplies at the rate of profit at which The Glazier Stove Co. are now selling this line of goods.

Good bevel siding, \$8.00 per thousand, of the Glazier Stove Co. 500 per centers' old-time price \$40.00 for the same stock.

Tile at right prices of the The Glazier Stove Co. No charge for the holes.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling first-class white pine boards at \$10.00 per thousand. You paid 500 per cent \$40.00 for the same thing many a time before we punctured his balloon with our underbuy, undersell prices.

Markets.

Chelsea, Dec. 31, 1896.	
Eggs, per dozen	16c
Butter, per pound	10c
Oats, per bushel	12c
Corn, per bushel	12c
Wheat, per bushel	85c
Potatoes, per bushel	25c
Apples, per bushel	10c
Onions, per bushel	25c
Beans, per bushel	50c

The rage of diphtheria has caused no end of medical investigation. A German professor who seems to have an insane desire to put people on their guard, says: When benzylated and methylated get n-methyl benzoyltetramethyle-y-oxipiperidin-carbonic acid-methylester or encaine. The foregoing will be of great help in the prevalence of such diseases, and there is little doubt, if people understand the use of encaine-hydrochlorate, the rage of what appears to be diphtheria, by the use of this remedy, when spafified, will check its spread to a considerable extent.

"A LITTLE NONSENSE."

—A burglar alarm clock went off the other night without arousing the family. It went off with the burglar.

—The dog is not so much below mankind, and is certainly to be congratulated rather than commiserated on one thing—he doesn't have to send his collar to a laundry every week.—*Lowell Citizen.*

—Silver dimes of 1807 are worth thirty cents each. Ah, dear, it seems to us the last dime we had must have been somewhere along in that year. But it was only worth ten cents then. Just our luck.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

—A colored man came into a Galveston newspaper office and wanted to subscribe to the paper. "How long do you want it?" asked the clerk. "Just as long as it is, boss; if it don't fit the shelves I kin 'ar a piece off myself."—*Texas Siftings.*

—A ragged little girl in a London school was recently asked why Adam and Eve were turned out of Paradise. She promptly answered: "Because they didn't pay their rent." Her parents had been evicted for non-payment of rent several times within a few months.

—"Boy!" he called as he snapped his fingers at a post-office boot-black, "are you the lad I handed a dollar bill to yesterday to get changed, and you beat me out of thirteen cents?" "No, sir." "Look out! 'How do you know you ain't?' " "Cause; do I look like a boy who'd beat you out of a shilling when I could walk off with the dollar? Stranger, you must have got hold of some poor little kid who's just begun business!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

—A well known oil producer told us yesterday of a rather good thing which occurred when he was a boy. He and several other chaps heard a poor woman in a miserable shanty praying for bread, and it was suggested that they procure a dozen loaves and throw them down the chimney. This was done, and after while the boys knocked at the door and asked: "Well, auntie, did the Lord send you any bread?" "Yes, indeed," was the reply, "and he made the devil's children bring it."—*Oil City Derrick.*

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John C. Taylor, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed for the presentation of claims against the estate of said deceased, that they will meet at the office of John C. Taylor, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 1st day of June next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each said day, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated Dec. 1, 1896.
FREDERICK GIESKE, Commissioner.

Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS default has been made in the payment of the money secured by the mortgage dated the sixteenth day of December, A. D. 1896, executed by Henry Mohnen of the Township of Sharon, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, to Frederick Gieske, of the same place, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Washtenaw in Liber 66 of Mortgages, on page 48, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 1 o'clock p. m.

And whereas, the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of two hundred and ninety-five dollars (\$295) of principal and interest, and which is the whole amount claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage, and which said mortgage was given to secure money advanced by the premises therein described, there has been no suit or proceeding instituted at law or in equity to enforce the payment of said mortgage, and the premises therein described are hereby sold by virtue of said power of sale, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made, provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw (that said county), on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Sharon, County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the middle of the highway in the east one-half (1/2) of the north-west quarter (1/4) of section (34) of the north-west (29) in township number three (3) north range three (3) east, at a point in said highway where the east line of lands of John Wilson intersects the same; thence south along the east line of Wilson's land sixteen (16) rods; thence east at right angles to said road and first described line to the middle of the highway; thence west to the place of beginning, along the line of said highway, supposed to contain about one acre of land, more or less.

Dated December 18, 1896.
FREDERICK GIESKE, Mortgagee.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John C. Taylor, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of D. R. Taylor, Esq., in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 16th day of March and on the 16th day of June next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each said day, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, Dec. 18, 1896.
HENRY L. WOOD, J. WILL STEDMAN, Commissioners.

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